## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/33

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
1 (a)	PDO Layout	I Volume given for rough titre and accurate titre details tabulated. Minimum of 2 × 2 "boxes".	1	
	PDO Recording	II Appropriate headings and units for data given in weighing and accurate titration tables.  Acceptable headings: mass of tube + FA1; mass of tube + residue/mass of empty tube (mass of FA1 used); initial/final or 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> (burette) (reading)/(reading at) start/finish; volume added/used/ titre; or wtte [not "difference"] Acceptable units are solidus: /cm³; brackets: (cm³); in words: volume in cubic centimeters, volume in cm³. Similarly for mass in g, etc If units are not included in the heading every entry in the table must have the correct unit.	1	
	PDO Recording	III All accurate burette readings are given to the nearest 0.05 cm³.  Do not award this mark if: 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading; more than one final burette reading is 50.(00); any burette reading is greater than 50.(00)	1	
	MMO Decision	IV Two uncorrected titres within 0.10 cm <sup>3</sup> Do not allow the Rough even if ticked. Do <b>not</b> award this mark if having performed two titres within 0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> a further titration is performed which is more than 0.10 cm <sup>3</sup> from the closer of the initial <b>two</b> titres, unless a fourth titration, within 0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> of any other has also been carried out.	1	
and then set two identicated to calculated Examiner of	elects the "best" tit al; titres within 0.0 e mean (ignore any	ed mean titre/corrected mass of FA 1] with Supervisor		
	MMO Quality	Award <b>V</b> , <b>VI</b> and <b>VII</b> if $\delta \le 0.05$ (cm <sup>3</sup> g <sup>1</sup> ) Award <b>V</b> and <b>VI</b> if $0.05 < \delta \le 0.10$ Award <b>V</b> only if $0.10 < \delta \le 0.20$ If the "best" <b>titres</b> are $\ge 0.60$ cm <sup>3</sup> apart cancel one of the Q marks.	1 1 1	[7]

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(b)	MMO Decision	Selects <b>correctly subtracted accurate</b> titre values within 0.20 cm <sup>3</sup> . Must use more than one value. If no calculation shown then titres must be indicated ( <i>e.g.</i> with a tick) in the table	1	
	PDO Display	Correct mean from any values selected (may include rough) by candidate given to same decimal places as most precise burette reading recorded in the table.	1	
		The third decimal place may be rounded to the nearest $0.05 \text{ cm}^3$ . A mean of exactly .x25 or .x75 is allowed but the candidate may round up or down to the nearest $0.05 \text{ cm}^3$ . If <b>ALL</b> burette readings are given to 1 decimal place then the mean may be given to 1 decimal place if numerically correct without rounding. Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.35 ( $\checkmark$ ) Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.4 ( $\checkmark$ )		
		If no working shown allow mean if value identical to that used by Examiner.		[2]
(c)	ACE Interpretation	I In part (i) {titre from (b)/1000} × 0.01(0)  If no working shown then answer must be correct.	1	
		II ans to (i) × 5 and ans to (ii) × 10 with no additional steps	1	
		III ans to (iii) × 55.8  If (iii) incorrect allow correct (ii) × 10 × 55.8	1	
		IV correct (ans to (iii) × 55.8/mass of FA 1) × 100 to sf shown (ecf allowed from (iii)) (sf shown may come from (i) with no previous rounding) If (iii) incorrect allow correct (ii) × 10 × 55.8 × 100/mass FA 1 (If choice of answer take the one in the answer space.)	1	
	PDO Display	V 3 or 4 significant figures in final answers to all parts attempted (minimum three parts)	1	[5]
(d)	ACE Interpretation	(i) Uncertainty either 1 or .5 in final place.  If balance displays to 1 decimal place: error in balance reading is ±0.05 g or ±0.1(0) g  If balance displays to 2 decimal places: error in balance reading is ±0.005 g or ±0.01 g  If balance displays to 3 decimal places: error in balance reading is ±0.0005 g or ±0.001g	1	
		(ii) {2 × (i)/mass used} × 100 answer to 2, 3 or 4 sf	1	[2]
			[To	tal: 16]

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		0.00			tal: 8]
(c)	ACE Improvements	larg	e a lid (for the early gentle heating) <b>or</b> ger mass (for smaller percentage error) <b>or</b> e (cool in) desiccator	1	[1]
(b)	ACE Interpretation	[ma (all M <sub>r</sub> , Alld If tv ma Alld not Pau eva (Igr	et (i) [mass of water lost/(7 × 18)] or ass of water lost × 246.4/18] ow m(H <sub>2</sub> O) × 246.4/7)  H <sub>2</sub> O must be 18  ow ecf for mass of water lost  wo experiments carried out then mass of water  y be taken from either or the mean.  ow mark if answer calculated correctly but working a shown.  et (i) [mass of water lost × 246.4/7 × 18] correctly aluated to 3 sf [= mass of water lost × 1.956]  more part (ii))  ere are other chemically correct methods – mark coordingly.	1	[2]
	MMO Quality	Aw	ard <b>IV</b> and <b>V</b> if $\delta \le 0.05$ ard <b>IV</b> only if $0.05 < \delta \le 0.10$	1	[5]
candidat If two ex masses If the Su check wi	e to 2 dp. periments carried out of <b>FA 4</b> to calculate th pervisor's value is dou hether candidates are	then e rat ubtfui clos	use sum of masses of FA 4] of Supervisor and use sum of masses of residues and sum of io.  I (higher than the majority of candidates) then e to the expected value of 0.55 or use candidate tent. (Contact team leader)		
	MMO Decision	III	Final weighings after reheating are within 0.05 g or identical if masses recorded to 1 dp	1	
	PDO Recording	II	Records <b>all</b> weighings consistently to at least 1 decimal place [minimum three weighings].	1	
			mass of crucible + FA 4, mass of crucible + residue/FA 4 after heating, mass of FA 4/hydrated magnesium sulfate, mass of water lost.  Do not award if mass of FA 4 or mass of water incorrect	•	
2 (a)	PDO Display	I	Tabulates mass of (empty) crucible,	1	

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	<b>FA 5</b> is NaHCO <sub>3</sub> (s); <b>FA 6</b> is NH <sub>4</sub> Br(s); <b>FA 7</b> is H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> (aq)							
3	(a)	MMO Collection	On heating, steam or condensation or water vapour, misty vapour is noted <b>or</b> solid becomes powdery	1				
		MMO Decisions	Tests for gas using limewater or in 3(d)	1	[2]			
	(b)	PDO Layout	Presents results of tests in an unambiguous way Minimum 4 × 2 boxes	1				
		MMO Collection	(No reaction with cold NaOH and) gas/ammonia/fumes produced (on heating) that turn(s) red litmus blue Do not award if ppt reported with NaOH (CON)	1				
			No reaction with ammonia <b>and</b> no reaction with barium chloride/nitrate	1				
			Cream ppt with silver nitrate that partially dissolves/is insoluble in aqueous ammonia	1				
		ACE Conclusion	<b>FA 6</b> cation: ammonium/NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> from some evidence and no CON obs	1				
			<b>FA 6</b> anion: bromide/Br No ecf but can award Br from any mention of cream but ppt must be present <b>or</b> off-white ppt insoluble or partially soluble in NH <sub>3</sub> .	1	[6]			
	(c)	MMO Collection	Ignore any observations after water added. Steamy/misty white/orange/red/red-brown (not brown) gas/vapour/ fumes/smoke produced or gas/vapour/fumes/smoke bleaches litmus (paper) or gas/vapour/fumes/smoke turns (potassium) dichromate (solution) from orange to green	1				
			(White) solid turns red/orange (not yellow, not brown, not solution, not ppt) Ignore "hot"	1				
		ACE Conclusion	<b>FA 6</b> is oxidised/redox reaction/oxidation because Br becomes Br <sub>2</sub> /Br <sub>2</sub> is produced <b>or</b> redox/reduction because H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> forms/becomes SO <sub>2</sub> (with positive dichromate observation) <b>or</b> exothermic because tube becomes hot/heat given out.	1	[3]			
	(d)	MMO Collection	Fizzing/effervescence/bubbling (occurs) (not gas is produced) If limewater test used here give second mark in (a).	1				
			White ppt with lead nitrate <b>and</b> no reaction with silver nitrate	1	[2]			

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(e)	MMO Decision	barium chloride/nitrate followed by hydrochloric/nitric acid (not Ba <sup>2+</sup> (aq), BaNO <sub>3</sub> ,) (If H <sup>+</sup> already identified then "followed by hydrochloric/nitric acid" is not essential.)	1	
	ACE Conclusion	<b>FA 7</b> cation: protons/H <sup>+</sup> if there is a positive observation with blue litmus paper/K₂CrO₄/Mg/Na₂CO₃	1	
		<b>FA 7</b> anion: sulfate/SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2</sup> Allow from minimum evidence of white ppt with Ba <sup>2+</sup> (aq)	1	[3]
			[Tot	al: 16]