

GCE

Chemistry A

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit F321: Atoms, Bonds and Groups

Mark Scheme for January 2012

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Any enquiries about publications should be addressed to:

OCR Publications PO Box 5050 Annesley NOTTINGHAM NG15 0DL

Telephone: 0870 770 6622 Facsimile: 01223 552610

E-mail: publications@ocr.org.uk

Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
HUD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
×	Incorrect response
TEF	Error carried forward
I	Ignore
HAM	Not answered question
PBE 0.00	Benefit of doubt not given
POT	Power of 10 error
	Omission mark
19-	Rounding error
19P	Error in number of significant figures
V	Correct response

F321 Mark Scheme January 2012

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

The following questions should be annotated with ticks to show where marks have been awarded in the body of the text: 3(d)(i), 3(d)(ii) and 4(b).

a) (i)	mass of the isotope of OR mass of the atom con (the mass of a) ¹² C (a	npared to 1/12		2	ALLOW for ¹² C: carbon-12 OR C-12 OR C 12 OR 12 C IGNORE reference to average OR weighted mean (ie correct definition of relative atomic mass scores both marks) ALLOW mass of a mole of the isotope/atom with 1/12th ✓ the mass of a mole OR 12 g of carbon-12 ✓ ALLOW 2 marks for: 'mass of the isotope OR mass of the atom compared to ¹² C atom given a mass of 12.0' ie 'given a mass of 12' communicates the same idea as 1/12th' ALLOW FOR 2 MARKS:
					mass of the isotope mass of 1/12th mass of carbon - 12 ie fraction is equivalent to 'compared to' ALLOW 1 MARK FOR a mix of mass of atom and mass of mole of atoms, ie: 'mass of the isotope/mass of an atom compared with 1/12th the mass of a mole OR 12 g of carbon-12' DO NOT ALLOW mass of ion OR mass of element BUT ALLOW mass of an atom of an element
(ii)	Both rows completed	correctly ✓		1	ALL four entries in table correct for 1 mark
		protons	neutrons		
	iodine-127	53	74		
	iodine-131	53	78		
	(ii)	iodine-127	protons iodine-127 53	protons neutrons iodine-127 53 74	iodine-127 53 74

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(b)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = 91.6 (μ g), must be 3 sf, award 2 marks Amount of I ⁻ mark: = 70.0 x 10 ⁻⁶ /126.9 OR = 5.52 x 10 ⁻⁷ \checkmark (mol)	2	If there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible FOR ONE MARK ONLY using working below ALLOW 70.0 x 10 ^{-x} /126.9 OR 5.52 x 10 ^{-x} (ie wrong conversion of μg and g) ALLOW calculator values which round to 5.52 x 10 ^{-x} , ie 3 significant figures or more
			Mass of KI = $(5.52 \times 10^{-7}/10^{-6}) \times 166.0$ = 91.6 (µg) must be 3 sf \checkmark		ALLOW ECF for incorrect calculated amount of I ⁻ x 166.0, must be 3 sf ALLOW calculator value or rounding to 3 significant figures or more BUT IGNORE 'trailing' zeroes, eg 0.200 allowed as 0.2. Answers with 91.6 x 10 ^{-x} (ie wrong conversion of μg and g) would get one mark
		(ii)	Ethical implications Some people feel it is wrong to put additives into the national diet OR Dietary issues Food OR diet contains sufficient amounts of iodide ✓	1	ALLOW some people disapprove of additives in their food Assume 'it' refers to KI IGNORE economic reasons ALLOW (excess) potassium OR K ⁽⁺⁾ OR KI is harmful OR toxic ALLOW too much iodine OR iodide OR I ⁽⁻⁾ is harmful OR toxic ALLOW iodine OR iodide OR I ⁽⁻⁾ OR KI is radioactive ALLOW any effect which would be detrimental to human health OR well-being OR eg 'lead to heart problems' ALLOW some table salt already contains iodide (eg sea salt) ALLOW some countries do not have (access to) KI IGNORE references to dangerous OR taste IGNORE responses referring solely to intake going above GDA IGNORE carcinogenic
	(c)	(i)	$Cl_2 + 2l^- \rightarrow 2Cl^- + l_2 \checkmark$	1	IGNORE state symbols

Q	uesti	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(c)	(ii)	Two alternative explanations to award the two marks:	2	Quality of Written Communication: 'dipole' OR 'permanent' spelled correctly at least once and in context for marking point 1 in explanation 1
			Explanation 1 ICI has permanent dipole (–dipole) (interactions) AND CI₂ has (only) van der Waals' forces ✓		ALLOW 'vdW' for van der Waals' IGNORE references to van der Waals' forces in ICI in explanation 1 DO NOT ALLOW 'dipole—dipole interactions' without reference to these being permanent for marking point 1
			Forces are stronger in ICI ORA OR More energy is needed to overcome forces in ICI ORA		DO NOT ALLOW marking point 2 for comparison of IC/ having stronger ionic OR covalent bonds than C/2 Quality of Written Communication – 'electrons' spelled correctly once and used in context for marking point 1 of explanation 2
			Explanation 2 ICI has more electrons ✓ ORA		ALLOW I has more electrons
			Stronger van der Waals' forces in IC I (than in C I_2) ORA OR More energy is needed to overcome van der Waals' forces in IC $I \checkmark$ ORA		ALLOW more van der Waals' forces ALLOW 'vdW' for van der Waals'
			Total	9	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)		Add (aqueous) silver nitrate OR AgNO ₃ OR Ag ⁺ ions ✓	2	IGNORE references to nitric acid DO NOT ALLOW references to any other additional reagent added to silver nitrate for marking point 1
			white AND precipitate ✓		ALLOW 'solid' OR 'ppt' for 'precipitate'. Both colour AND state is needed. IGNORE references to solubility in ammonia for marking point 2 if colour of precipitate is stated BUT ALLOW 'dissolves in dilute ammonia' if no colour of precipitate is given DO NOT ALLOW marking point 2 if additional reagent leads to invalid test
	(b)		The mixture effervesced OR fizzed OR bubbled OR produced a gas ✓ X is CaCO ₃ OR calcium carbonate ✓	2	ALLOW CaO would not fizz IGNORE name of gas
	(c)	(i)	Contains water (of crystallisation) ✓	1	ALLOW 'with water' OR 'has water' DO NOT ALLOW 'in solution' OR 'in water'
		(ii)	Working must be marked first 219.1 – 111.1 = 108 ✓ 108/18 (= 6) AND CaC l₂•6H₂O ✓	2	ALLOW CaC l_2 (H ₂ O) ₆ ALLOW CaC l_2 6H ₂ O (ie no 'dot') ALLOW [219.1 – (40.1 + 2 x 35.5)] / 18 AND CaC l_2 •6H ₂ O for two marks ALLOW ECF for incorrectly calculated mass of H ₂ O / 18 provided final answer is rounded to nearest whole number for marking point 2

F321 Mark Scheme January 2012

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2 (d)	Ca shown with either 8 or 0 electrons AND CI shown with 8 electrons with 7 crosses and one dot (or vice versa) ✓ correct charges on both sets of ions ✓	2	For first mark, if eight electrons are shown in the cation then the 'extra' electron in the anion must match symbol chosen for electrons in the cation IGNORE inner shell electrons Circles not essential ALLOW One mark if both electron arrangement and charges are correct but only one CI is drawn ALLOW 2[CI ⁻] 2[CI] ⁻ [CI ⁻] ₂ (brackets not required) DO NOT ALLOW [CI ₂] ⁻ [CI ₂] ²⁻ [2CI] ²⁻ [CI] ₂ ⁻
(e)	Ba is more reactive than Ca ✓ ORA Br ₂ is less reactive than Cl ₂ ✓ ORA	2	ALLOW reactivity increases down Group 2 ORA Provided Ca and Ba have been identified as Group 2 elements ALLOW reactivity decreases down Group 7 ORA Provided CI and Br have been identified as Group 7 elements ALLOW one mark for both sentences if no ascribing to groups ALLOW Br for Br ₂ and CI for CI ₂ DO NOT ALLOW Br ⁻ for Br ₂ OR CI ⁻
	Total	11	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	A region (within an atom) that can hold (up to) two electrons ✓ (with opposite spin)	1	ALLOW 'can be found' OR 'contains' OR 'has' etc. for 'can hold' ALLOW 'area' OR 'volume' OR 'space' OR 'somewhere' etc. for region DO NOT ALLOW path of an electron IGNORE references to 'orbitals being parts of sub-shells'
		(ii)	1s ² 2s ² 2p ⁶ 3s ² 3p ⁴ ✓	1	ALLOW subscripts, capitals IGNORE 1s ² seen twice
		(iii)	7 ✓	1	
	(b)		(The amount of substance which contains) as many particles as there are carbon atoms in 12g of ¹² C (atoms)	1	ALLOW 6.02×10^{23} particles (atoms, molecules, ions etc.) OR N_A particles OR L particles ALLOW 'Avogadro number' in place of N_A particles ALLOW 'Number of atoms in 12 g of 12 C' DO NOT ALLOW 'the number of particles in 12g of 12 C atoms'
	(c)		Energy (needed) to remove an electron ✓ from each atom in one mole ✓ of gaseous atoms ✓	3	ALLOW 'Energy to remove one mole of electrons from one mole of gaseous atoms' for three marks IGNORE 'element' ALLOW 'Energy needed to remove an electron from one mole of gaseous atoms (to form one mole of gaseous 1+ ions') for two marks For third mark: ALLOW ECF if wrong 'particle' is used in second marking point but is described as being gaseous eg 'molecule' instead of 'atom' If no definition, ALLOW one mark for $X(g) \rightarrow X^+(g) + e^-$ OR $X(g) - e^- \rightarrow X^+(g)$ ALLOW e for electron IGNORE state symbols on e

3 (d) (i) From F to Ne Nuclear charge mark: Ne has (one) more proton OR Nuclear charge increases ✓ Same shell or energy level mark: (Outermost) electrons are in the same shell OR energy level OR (Outermost) electrons experience the same shielding ✓ Use annotations with ticks, crosses ALLOW proton number increases but number increases liGNORE nucleus gets bigger IGNORE 'charge increases' ie must but IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell or shell but IGNORE 'ALLOW sub-shell for shell but IGNORE 'ALLOW shielding is similar	e nuclear charge
Ne has (one) more proton OR Nuclear charge increases ✓ Same shell or energy level mark: (Outermost) electrons are in the same shell OR energy level OR ALLOW proton number increases but number increases IGNORE nucleus gets bigger IGNORE 'charge increases' ie must be IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy ALLOW sub-shell for shell but IGNORE	e nuclear charge
OR Nuclear charge increases ✓ Same shell or energy level mark: (Outermost) electrons are in the same shell OR energy level OR number increases IGNORE nucleus gets bigger IGNORE 'charge increases' ie must be IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy	e nuclear charge
Nuclear charge increases ✓ Same shell or energy level mark: (Outermost) electrons are in the same shell OR energy level OR IGNORE nucleus gets bigger IGNORE 'charge increases' ie must be IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nucleus gets bigger IGNORE 'charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy in t	
Same shell or energy level mark: (Outermost) electrons are in the same shell OR energy level OR IGNORE 'charge increases' ie must be IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IEVEL ALLOW sub-shell for shell but IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge increases' in the same shell OR energy IEVEL IN THE INTERIOR OF THE	
Same shell or energy level mark: (Outermost) electrons are in the same shell OR energy level OR IGNORE 'effective nuclear charge inc	
(Outermost) electrons are in the same shell OR energy level ALLOW sub-shell for shell but IGNOR OR	
level ALLOW sub-shell for shell but IGNOR OR	reases'
OR	
(Outermost) electrons experience the same shielding ✓ ALLOW shielding is similar	RE orbitals
ALLOW screening for shielding	
IGNORE Atomic radius decreases (be	ecause given in
question) OR outermost electrons are	
DO NOT ALLOW 'distance is the sam	
Nuclear attraction mark:	
Greater nuclear attraction (on outermost electrons) ALLOW greater nuclear pull for greater	er nuclear attraction
OR DO NOT ALLOW 'greater nuclear cha	
Outer electrons are attracted more strongly (to the nuclear attraction' for the third mark	o o
nucleus) ✓ IGNORE 'pulled closer' for 'pulled more	re strongly'
(ii) From Ne to Na 3 Use annotations with ticks, crosses	s, ECF etc for this part
Extra shell or energy level mark: ALLOW 'next' shell OR 'new' shell	•
Na has (one) more shell(s) OR energy level ✓ ALLOW (outermost) electrons in a high	gher energy level
ALLOW outermost electrons OR shell	
IGNORE Atomic radius increases (be	cause given in
question)	9
DO NOT ALLOW orbitals OR sub-she	ells
Shielding mark:	
(Outermost) electron experiences greater shielding ✓ ALLOW screening for shielding	
ALLOW more electron repulsion from	inner shells
Nuclear attraction mark:	
Less nuclear attraction (on outermost electrons) ALLOW 'less nuclear pull' for 'less nu	clear attraction'
OR DO NOT ALLOW 'less nuclear charge	
Outer electrons are attracted less strongly (to nucleus) ✓ attraction' for third mark. There must be	
Total 13	1

Q	uestion		Answe	er	Marks	Guidance
4	(a)	solid	melting point / °C	type of lattice	2	
		K	63			
		KBr	734	giant ionic ✓		giant AND ionic required
		H ₂ O	0	simple molecular ✓		simple AND molecular required ALLOW simple covalent
	(b)	Particle mark	1: static attraction bet	ween)	6	Use annotations with ticks, crosses, ECF etc for this part
			cations AND e ⁻ / el			ALLOW labels from diagrams if not seen in text
		Particle mark		etween) oppositely OR		ALLOW K ⁺ and Br ⁻ for 'oppositely charged ions'
		positively AND negatively charged ions ✓				DO NOT ALLOW 'atoms' in KBr
		positive ions a	and electrons bonding OR KBr h	s attraction between as attraction between		IGNORE 'metallic lattice' for metallic bonding' AND 'ionic lattice' for 'ionic bonding' DO NOT ALLOW, for forces mark, incorrect forces for K and KBr, such as covalent, van der Waals' seen anywhere in the response
			argea ione			IGNORE references to van der Waals' forces in water
		In H₂O, Forces mark: hydrogen bon Particles mari	•			ALLOW 'intermolecular' OR 'molecular' for particles mark Quality of Written Communication: 'molecules' OR 'intermolecular' OR 'molecular' spelt correctly once and used in context for the fifth marking point
		(Between) mo	olecules ✓			The order of all three substances OR bonding must be referred to for this mark ALLOW responses which use comparatives such as strong
		OR	ngth of forces: KBr			and extremely strong to differentiate strength of forces ALLOW answers that inform KBr > K > H ₂ O IGNORING
		ionic bonding	> metallic bonding	> hydrogen bonding ✓		incorrect forces used above

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(c)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = $72(.0)$ (cm ³) award 3 marks amount of K = $0.2346 / 39.1$ OR = $6.(00) \times 10^{-3}$ OR $0.006(00)$ mol \checkmark	3	If there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below
			amount of H_2 = (mol of K) / 2 OR = 3.(00) × 10 ⁻³ OR 0.003(00) mol \checkmark		ALLOW mol of K x 0.5 correctly calculated for 2nd mark
			Volume of gas = (mol of H ₂) × 24000 OR = 72(.0) (cm ³) \checkmark		ALLOW mol of H ₂ x 24000 correctly calculated for 3rd mark
					ALLOW 144 (cm ³) from 0.006 x 24000 for two marks ALLOW 0.072 from 0.003 x 24 for two marks
					ALLOW calculator value or rounding to 2 significant figures or more BUT IGNORE 'trailing' zeroes, eg 0.200 allowed as 0.2
			Total	11	

Que	estic	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5 ((a)	(i)	The H ⁺ OR hydrogen ions OR protons in (sulfuric) acid have been replaced by ammonium ions OR NH ₄ ⁺ ✓	1	ALLOW 'a positive ion' for 'ammonium ions' BUT IGNORE 'a positive metal ion' OR 'metal ions' for 'ammonium ions' IGNORE references to being produced by the reaction of an acid and a base DO NOT ALLOW hydrogen atoms OR ammonia ions DO NOT ALLOW 'H for H+ OR NH4 for NH4+
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = 0.104 (mol) award 3 marks Amount of $H_2SO_4 = 0.100 \times 32.5/1000 = 3.25 \times 10^{-3}$ OR 0.00325 mol \checkmark Amount of $NH_3 = (mol of H_2SO_4) \times 2 = 6.50 \times 10^{-3}$ OR 0.0065 mol \checkmark	3	If there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below ALLOW ECF for amount of H ₂ SO ₄ × 2 ALLOW ECF for amount of NH ₃ × 400 / 25.0 ALLOW concentration approach for marking point 3
			No. of mol of NH ₃ = (mol of NH ₃) × 400 / 25.0 = 0.104 (mol) \checkmark		Conc ammonia = $6.50 \times 10^{-3} \times 1000 / 25.0 = 0.260 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ mol of NH ₃ = (conc of NH ₃) × 400 / 1000 = 0.104 (mol) ALLOW calculator value or rounding to 2 sig figs or more BUT IGNORE 'trailing' zeroes, eg 0.200 allowed as 0.2
	(b)		Predicted bond angle 107° ✓ Explanation There are 3 bonded pairs and 1 lone pair ✓ Electron pairs repel ✓ Lone pairs repel more than bonded pairs ✓	4	ALLOW range 106–108° ALLOW a response which is equivalent to 3 bp and 1 lp, eg 'There are four pairs of electrons. One is a lone pair' ALLOW 'bonds' for 'bonded pairs' ALLOW diagram showing N atom with 3 dot-and-cross bonds and 1 lone pair clearly drawn onto it for second mark IGNORE stick versions of bonding DO NOT ALLOW 'atoms repel' for 'electron pairs repel' IGNORE 'electrons repel' ALLOW 'bonds repel'

F321 Mark Scheme January 2012

Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(c)	(i)	OH⁻✓	1	Correct charge must be seen ALLOW OH ⁻ if seen as the ONLY negative product of an equation
		(ii)	$N_2H_5^+$ OR $N_2H_6^{2+}$ \checkmark	1	ALLOW H ₂ N–NH ₃ ⁺ OR H ₃ N–NH ₃ ²⁺
((d)	(i)	CI goes from (+)1 to −1 ✓	3	ALLOW 1(+), 1–. Only look for oxidation numbers seen above or below equation if not seen in text IGNORE CI ⁻ CI ⁺ DO NOT ALLOW If a second species is seen going down in oxidation number with the exception of N going from –3 to –4
			N goes from −3 to −2 ✓		ALLOW 3 –, 2 –. Only look for oxidation numbers seen above or below equation if not seen in text IGNORE N ^{3–} N ^{2–} DO NOT ALLOW If a second species is seen going up in oxidation number
			CI is reduced AND N is oxidised ✓		ALLOW ECF for oxidation of any species showing an increase in oxidation number AND for reduction of any species showing a decrease in oxidation number
					IGNORE references to electron loss OR gain ALLOW 3 marks for labelled equation such as below
					$2NH_3 + NaCIO \rightarrow N_2H_4 + NaCI + H_2O$ $-3 +1 -2 -1$ $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
		(ii)	sodium chlorate(I) ✓	1	ALLOW sodium chlorate I (ie no brackets) ALLOW sodium hypochlorite IGNORE bleach DO NOT ALLOW sodium chlorate (with no Roman numeral)
		(iii)	$N_2H_4 + 2NH_2CI \rightarrow 2NH_4CI + N_2 \checkmark \checkmark$	2	One mark for N ₂ One mark for NH ₄ C <i>I</i> AND balancing
			Total	16	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
1 Hills Road
Cambridge
CB1 2EU

OCR Customer Contact Centre

Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

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Head office

Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553



