General Certificate of Education
June 2007
Advanced Subsidiary Examination

MATHEMATICS **MM1B**
Unit Mechanics 1B

Tuesday 5 June 2007   1.30 pm to 3.00 pm

For this paper you must have:
- an 8-page answer book
- the **blue** AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables.

You may use a graphics calculator.

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions
- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The *Examining Body* for this paper is AQA. The *Paper Reference* is MM1B.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- The **final** answer to questions requiring the use of calculators should be given to three significant figures, unless stated otherwise.
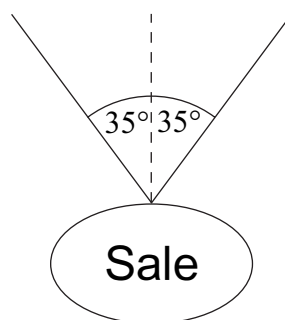- Take $g = 9.8\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-2}}$, unless stated otherwise.

Information
- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- Unit Mechanics 1B has a **written paper only**.

Advice
- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
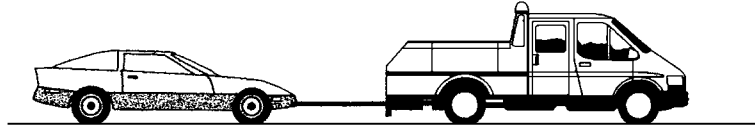
MM1B

Answer **all** questions.

1   A ball is released from rest at a height h metres above ground level. The ball hits the ground 1.5 seconds after it is released. Assume that the ball is a particle that does not experience any air resistance.

   (a)   Show that the speed of the ball is $14.7\,\text{m\,s}^{-1}$ when it hits the ground. *(2 marks)*

   (b)   Find h. *(2 marks)*

   (c)   Find the distance that the ball has fallen when its speed is $5\,\text{m\,s}^{-1}$. *(3 marks)*

2   Two particles, A and B, are moving on a smooth horizontal surface. Particle A has mass $2\,\text{kg}$ and velocity $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}\,\text{m\,s}^{-1}$. Particle B has mass $3\,\text{kg}$ and velocity $\begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}\,\text{m\,s}^{-1}$. The two particles collide, and they coalesce during the collision.

   (a)   Find the velocity of the combined particles after the collision. *(3 marks)*

   (b)   Find the speed of the combined particles after the collision. *(2 marks)*

3   A sign, of mass $2\,\text{kg}$, is suspended from the ceiling of a supermarket by two light strings. It hangs in equilibrium with each string making an angle of $35°$ to the vertical, as shown in the diagram. Model the sign as a particle.

   (a)   By resolving forces horizontally, show that the tension is the same in each string. *(2 marks)*

   (b)   Find the tension in each string. *(5 marks)*

   (c)   If the tension in a string exceeds $40\,\text{N}$, the string will break. Find the mass of the heaviest sign that could be suspended as shown in the diagram. *(3 marks)*

4 A car, of mass 1200 kg, is connected by a tow rope to a truck, of mass 2800 kg. The truck tows the car in a straight line along a horizontal road. Assume that the tow rope is horizontal. A horizontal driving force of magnitude 3000 N acts on the truck. A horizontal resistance force of magnitude 800 N acts on the car. The car and truck accelerate at $0.4 \, \text{m s}^{-2}$.

(a) Find the tension in the tow rope. *(3 marks)*

(b) Show that the magnitude of the horizontal resistance force acting on the truck is 600 N. *(4 marks)*

(c) In fact, the tow rope is **not** horizontal. Assume that the resistance forces and the driving force are unchanged.

Is the tension in the tow rope greater or less than in part (a)?

Explain why. *(2 marks)*

5 An aeroplane flies in air that is moving due east at a speed of $V \, \text{m s}^{-1}$. The velocity of the aeroplane relative to the air is $150 \, \text{m s}^{-1}$ due north. The aeroplane actually travels on a bearing of 030°.

(a) Show that $V = 86.6 \, \text{m s}^{-1}$, correct to three significant figures. *(2 marks)*

(b) Find the magnitude of the resultant velocity of the aeroplane. *(3 marks)*

Turn over for the next question

6 A box, of mass 3 kg, is placed on a slope inclined at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. The box slides down the slope. Assume that air resistance can be ignored.

(a) A simple model assumes that the slope is smooth.

    (i) Draw a diagram to show the forces acting on the box. *(1 mark)*

    (ii) Show that the acceleration of the box is $4.9\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-2}}$. *(2 marks)*

(b) A revised model assumes that the slope is rough. The box slides down the slope from rest, travelling 5 metres in 2 seconds.

    (i) Show that the acceleration of the box is $2.5\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-2}}$. *(2 marks)*

    (ii) Find the magnitude of the friction force acting on the box. *(3 marks)*

    (iii) Find the coefficient of friction between the box and the slope. *(5 marks)*

    (iv) In reality, air resistance affects the motion of the box. Explain how its acceleration would change if you took this into account. *(2 marks)*

7 An arrow is fired from a point *A* with a velocity of $25\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$, at an angle of 40° above the horizontal. The arrow hits a target at the point *B* which is at the same level as the point *A*, as shown in the diagram.

(a) State **two** assumptions that you should make in order to model the motion of the arrow. *(2 marks)*

(b) Show that the time that it takes for the arrow to travel from *A* to *B* is 3.28 seconds, correct to three significant figures. *(4 marks)*

(c) Find the distance between the points *A* and *B*. *(2 marks)*

(d) State the magnitude and direction of the velocity of the arrow when it hits the target. *(2 marks)*

(e) Find the minimum speed of the arrow during its flight. *(2 marks)*

8 A boat is initially at the origin, heading due east at $5\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$. It then experiences a constant acceleration of $(-0.2\mathbf{i} + 0.25\mathbf{j})\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-2}}$. The unit vectors $\mathbf{i}$ and $\mathbf{j}$ are directed east and north respectively.

   (a)   State the initial velocity of the boat as a vector. *(1 mark)*

   (b)   Find an expression for the velocity of the boat t seconds after it has started to accelerate. *(2 marks)*

   (c)   Find the value of t when the boat is travelling due north. *(3 marks)*

   (d)   Find the bearing of the boat from the origin when the boat is travelling due north. *(6 marks)*

END OF QUESTIONS

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