

- Find the value of v when $t = 0$.

(7)



Diagram showing a particle P suspended by a string from a fixed point O . A vertical dashed line passes through O . The string OP makes an angle of 30° with the vertical. A horizontal force of magnitude $\frac{4}{3}mg$ acts on P to the right.

A particle P of mass m is attached to one end of a light elastic string, of natural length a and modulus of elasticity $3mg$. The other end of the string is attached to a fixed point O .

This force acts in the vertical plane containing the string, as shown in Figure 1. Find

- (b) the elastic energy stored in the string. (4)

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- (7)

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- (4)

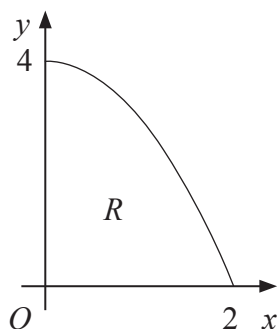
[illegible]

A diagram showing a block on an inclined plane. The plane is represented by a line segment labeled AC , where A is at the top and C is at the bottom. The angle of inclination at C is labeled 30° . A block, represented by a black circle, is positioned on the incline at a point labeled B . Tick marks on the line segments AB and BC indicate that the distance from A to B is equal to the distance from B to C .

One end A of a light elastic string, of natural length a and modulus of elasticity $6mg$, is fixed at a point on a smooth plane inclined at 30° to the horizontal. A small ball B of mass m is attached to the other end of the string. Initially B is held at rest with the string lying along a line of greatest slope of the plane, with B below A and $AB = a$. The ball is released and comes to instantaneous rest at a point C on the plane, as shown in Figure 2. Find

- (a) the length AC ,
- (b) the greatest speed attained by B as it moves from its initial position to C .

6.

**Figure 3**

The region R is bounded by part of the curve with equation $y = 4 - x^2$, the positive x -axis and the positive y -axis, as shown in Figure 3. The unit of length on both axes is one metre. A uniform solid S is formed by rotating R through 360° about the x -axis.

- (a) Show that the centre of mass of S is $\frac{5}{8}$ m from O . (10)

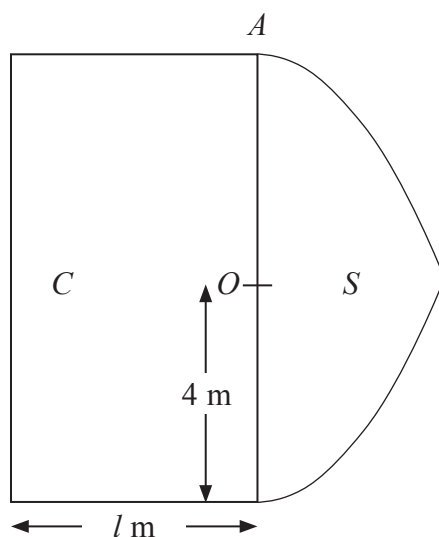
**Figure 4**

Figure 4 shows a cross section of a uniform solid P consisting of two components, a solid cylinder C and the solid S . The cylinder C has radius 4 m and length l metres. One end of C coincides with the plane circular face of S . The point A is on the circumference of the circular face common to C and S . When the solid P is freely suspended from A , the solid P hangs with its axis of symmetry horizontal.

- (b) Find the value of l . (4)



[illegible]

A particle is projected from the highest point A on the outer surface of a fixed smooth sphere of radius a and centre O . The lowest point B of the sphere is fixed to a horizontal plane. The particle is projected horizontally from A with speed $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{ga}$. The particle leaves the surface of the sphere at the point C , where $\angle AOC = \theta$, and strikes the plane at the point P , as shown in Figure 5.

- (b) Find the angle that the velocity of the particle makes with the horizontal as it reaches P .
- (8)**

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