

Mark Scheme (Results) January 2011

GCE

GCE Chemistry (6CH01/01)

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Section A (multiple choice)

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
1	В	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
2	С	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
3	D	1

Question	Correct Answer	Mark
Number		
4 (a)	В	1

Question	Correct Answer	Mark
Number		
4 (b)	С	1

Question	Correct Answer	Mark
Number		
5	В	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
6 (a)	В	1

Question	Correct Answer	Mark
6 (b)	A	1

Question	Correct Answer	Mark
Number		
7 (a)	D	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
7 (b)	A	1

Question	Correct Answer	Mark
Number		
7 (c)	С	1

Question	Correct Answer	Mark
Number		
8 (a)	A	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
8 (b)	A	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
8 (c)	D	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
9	В	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
10	D	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
11	С	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
12	С	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
13	В	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
14	В	1

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 20 MARKS

Section B

Question	Accontable Answers	Poioct	Mark
Question	Acceptable Allsweis	Reject	IVIAI K
Number			
15 (a)	Average/mean mass of an atom/isotopes (1)	"weight" instead of	2
- (-)	(1/12 mass of an atom of) carbon-12 (1)	mass	
		11035	
	First mark: mention of mean or average mass of		
	aither an atom /isotones		
		mean or average mass	
	IGNORE "weighted" before average or mean	of an element	
	IGNORE any mention of "moles" in definition	without prior mention	
		of either an atom or	
		isotopes	
	Second mark: any mention of carbon-12		
	ICNOPE any reference to "moles" or "1 mole" at		
	any store		
	any stage		
	IGNORE 12 g with reference to carbon-12		
	Mark the two points independently		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
15 (b) (i)	(Rubidium/it has) two isotopes <i>ALLOW</i> (Rubidium/it has) "different isotopes" <i>ALLOW</i> abbreviations such as formulae of rubidium atoms or cations with isotopic masses		1

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
15 (b) (ii)			2
	85 x 72 + 87 x 28 (1)	Calculation of simple	
	100	arithmetic mean of	
	= 85.56 or 85.6 (1)	85 + 87 = 86 scores	
	Correct answer with no working (2)	zero	
	NOTE: Rounding error giving answer 85.5 scores (1)		
	<i>IGNORE</i> any units (for example, g/g mol ⁻¹ /%)		
	NOTE: If 71% abundance used for ⁸⁵ Rb and 29% for ⁸⁷ Rb, answer = 85.58 or 85.6 scores (1)		
	Second mark awarded if answer CQ correct on wrong abundances and /or wrong isotopic masses.		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
16 (a) (i)	$H_2O + CO_2 \rightarrow H_2CO_3$ (Allow atoms in H_2CO_3 in any order) Or $H_2O + CO_2 \rightarrow H^+ + HCO_3^-$ Or $H_2O + CO_2 \rightarrow 2H^+ + CO_3^{2-}$ Or H_3O^+ in place of H ⁺ <i>IGNORE STATE SYMBOLS EVEN IF INCORRECT</i>		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
16 (a) (ii)	$2H^{+} + CO_3^{2-} \rightarrow H_2O + CO_2$	H_2CO_3 as a product	2
	LHS (1) RHS (1)	-	
	OR	$H^+ + CO_3^{2-} \rightarrow HCO_3^{-}$	
	$2H_3O^+ + CO_3^{2-} \rightarrow 3H_2O + CO_2$		
	LHS (1) RHS (1)	Any other ions	
		including spectator	
	IGNORE STATE SYMBOLS, EVEN IF INCORRECT	ions (e.g. Ca^{2+} , CI^{-}) in	
	$IGNORF \Rightarrow arrows$	the equation scores	
		zero	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
16 (b) (i)	dilute hydrochloric acid measuring cylinder	If collection over water is not somehow evident	2
	Conical flask and a delivery tube leaving the conical flask (1) <i>IGNORE</i> "heat" beneath conical flask Inverted measuring cylinder with collection over water shown and cylinder above mouth of delivery tube (1) <i>ALLOW</i> collection over water to be shown/implied in the diagram without labels or		
	shown/implied in the diagram without labels or other annotation		

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
16 (b) (ii)	Any method which is likely to bring the reactants	Method suggesting	1
	into contact after the apparatus is sealed	mixing the reactants	
		and then putting bung	
		in flask very quickly	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
16 (b) (iii)	(224 ÷ 24000 =) 0.009333/9.333 x 10 ⁻³ (mol) Ignore SF except 1 SF	"0.009" as answer	1
	Ignore any incorrect units		

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
16 (b) (iv)	$CaCO_{3}(s) + 2HCI(aq) \rightarrow CaCI_{2}(aq) + H_{2}O(I) + CO_{2}(g/aq)$		1
	ALL FOUR state symbols must be correct for this mark		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
16 (b) (v)	(Mass of 1 mol CaCO ₃ = 40 + 12 + 3 x 16) = 100 g <i>ALLOW</i> just "100" <i>ALLOW</i> any incorrect units <i>ALLOW</i> "100.1 g " <i>OR</i> just "100.1" (Reason: this uses the Periodic Table value of A_r = 40.1 for Ca)		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
16 (b) (vi)	(Mass of $CaCO_3 = 100 \times 0.009333$) = 0.9333 (g) (1)		2
	IGNORE sig figs including 1 sf here		
	NOTE: Moles of CaCO ₃ consequential on answers to (b)(iii) and (b)(v)		
	[NOTE: if A_r = 40.1 used for Ca, then the answer = 0.9339 (g)]		
	Percentage of $CaCO_3$ in the coral = 100 x 0.9333 /1.13 = 82.6% (1)	Final % answer is not given to 3 sf	
	NOTE: If mass CaCO ₃ used is 0.93, final answer is 82.3%		
	[NOTE: if A_r = 40.1 used for Ca, then the answers = 0.9339 (g) and 82.7%]		

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Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
16 (b) (vii)	(Different samples of) coral have different amounts of CaCO ₃ /different proportions of CaCO ₃ / different "levels" of CaCO ₃	Answers that do not include any mention of CaCO ₃	1
	<i>ALLOW</i> "calcium carbonate" for CaCO ₃ OR	References to solubility of CO ₂ in water	
	Only one sample of coral (was) used	References to repeating the experiment at a different temperature	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17 (a)	$(1s^2 2s^2) 2p^6 3s^2 3p^5$ (ignore repetition of $1s^2 2s^2$)	287	1
	ALLOW subscripts, correct use of p_x , p_y and p_z orbitals or normal font for electrons		

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17 (b) (i)	XX CI XX Mg ²⁺ XX CI XX CI XX	Covalent bonding (0)	2
	Correct number of outer electrons (ignore whether dots and / or crosses) drawn and also ratio of magnesium : chloride ions is 1:2 (1)	Incorrect numbers of electrons in inner shells if drawn for first mark	
	Correct formulae and charges of the ions shown somewhere (1)	"MG ²⁺ " and/or "CL ⁻ " for second mark	
	NOTE : Diagram for Mg ²⁺ showing the outermost shell with 8e ⁻ (dots and/or crosses) and/or Cl ⁻ shown with a 2 in front or 2 as a subscript would also score both marks		
	Mark the two points independently		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
17 (b) (ii)	4 shared pairs of electrons around the carbon labelled C ALL outer electrons, including lone pairs, are	(1)	lonic bonding (0)	2
	correctly shown on each of the four chlorine atoms labelled Cl	(1)		
	ALLOW versions without circles			
	IGNORE lines between the shared electrons			
	Mark two points independently			

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
17 (b) (iii)	(Comparison of) charges: O ²⁻ ions whereas CI ⁻ ions	Use of term chlorine and/or oxygen "atoms" or	3
	OR	"molecules" (0) for answer overall	
	greater (negative) charge / greater charge density than the chloride ion		
	(1)		
	(so the force of) attraction between ions is stronger in MgO (than MgCI ₂) / stronger ionic bonding in MgO (than MgCI ₂)		
	(1)		
	More energy is required to separate the ions in MgO (than MgCl ₂) / more energy is required to break (ionic) bonds in MgO (than MgCl ₂) / (1)	"More bonds need to be broken"	
	Mark the above three points independently		
	NOTE ALTERNATIVE ANSWER WITH A MAXIMUM OF TWO MARKS:-	-	
	O^{2-} (ions) smaller (than Cl ⁻ ions) (1)	(0) for answer overall if mentions	
	so (force of) attraction between ions is stronger in MgO (than MgCl ₂) /stronger ionic bonding in MgO (than MgCl ₂) (1)	"intermolecular forces"	
	Ignore ANY references to polarization of ions / covalent character / degree of covalency.		
	Mark the above two points independently		

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
17 (c)	First Mark:		2
	EIIHER		
	magnesium reacts with chlorine to form only		
	magnesium chioride/		
	magnosium roacts with chloring to form only one		
	product /		
	magnesium reacts with hydrochloric acid to form		
	hydrogen (as well as magnesium chloride) /		
	magnesium reacts with hydrochloric acid to form		
	more than one product /		
	magnesium reacts with hydrochloric acid to form		
	a waste product		
	OR		
	Both equations Mg + $CI_2 \rightarrow MgCI_2$ and		
	$Mg + 2HCI \rightarrow MgCI_2 + H_2$		
	<i>IGNORE</i> state symbols, even if incorrect		
	(1)		
	Second Mark		
	Securia Mark.		
	FITHER		
	The reaction with chlorine has an atom economy		
	which is higher /100%		
	ALLOW "high"		
	5		
	OR		
	Any mention of numbers comparing 100 % v.		
	97.9%		
	(1)		
	IGNORE any comments about yield		
	Mark the two points independently		

Question	Accontable Answers	Deject	Mork
Question	Acceptable Aliswels	Reject	IVIAI K
Number			
18 (a)	$C_{10}H_{22} \rightarrow C_7H_{16} + C_3H_6$		1
	ALLOW structural or displayed formulae instead		
	of molecular formulae		
	ICNODE any state symbols, even if incorrect		
	IGNORE any state symbols, even if incorrect		

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			-
18 (b) (i)	diagram for the O -bond		4
	e.g.		
	3		
	First Mark:		
	EITHER	hard a Para	
	Diagram shows overlap of any-shaped orbitals along the line	Just a line between the	
	OR	two nuclei	
	Mentions/implies rotation around a sigma/single bond		
	(1)		
	Second Mark: Any written mention, or clear ovidence from the		
	diagram (e.g. shading), of the resultant (high)		
	electron density (along the line) between the two nuclei		
	(1)		
	e a		
	EITHER		
	\cap		
	Č Č		
	(
	0R		
	Third Mark:		
	EITHER	lust curved	
	Diagram shows two dumb-bell shaped (p-) orbitals(these can be	lines above and	
	separate dump-peris or the diagram can show the p-orbitals overlapping sideways)	below the two	
	OR	nuclei	
	Restricted /lack of /no rotation about a pi/double bond		
	(1)		
	Fourth Mark: Any written mention, or clear evidence from the		
	diagram (e.g. shading), of the resultant (high)		
	electron density above and below (the line between) the two		
	(1)		
L		I	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18 (b) (ii)	Electrophilic addition		1
	BOTH words needed		
	ALLOW "heterolytic" before electrophilic addition		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
18 (b) (iii)	π bond weaker than σ (bond) / less energy needed to break π bond			2
	ALLOW π bond weak(er) / π bond easy to break	(1)		
	π - electrons / π bonds (more) accessible (to electrophilic attack)			
	ALLOW high/higher/more electron density in π bond (so alkenes more susceptible to electrophilic attack)	(1)		
	Mark the two points independently			

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18 (c) (i)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CH₃ not fully displayed	2
	(main product)		
	both DISPLAYED structures, with ALL bonds and atoms shown		
	(1)		
	major product identified or shown as product in (c)(ii) if NOT identified in (c)(i) (1) (1)	Incorrect name of isomer for 2nd mark	
	NOTE: if only one isomer of C_3H_7Br is named, assume this is the required "labelling" of the major product		
	Mark the two points independently		

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Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18 (c) (ii)	H ₃ C H H C C H H H H C C H H H H C C H H H H	half arrow- heads Br ^{δ-}	3

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
18 (c) (iii)	Secondary carbocation (named or described or drawn)	(1)	Answers just in terms of Markownikoff's rule	2
	more stable (than primary)	(1)		
	Mark the two points independently			
	NOTE: Zero awarded if primary carbocation thought to be more stable			

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number 18 (d) (i)	Acceptable Aliswers $\begin{array}{c} & & H \\ H \\ \hline \\ H \\ \hline \\ H \\ \hline \\ H \\ \hline \\ H \\ H$	"x" instead of "n"	3
	Unsaturated polymer scores max (1)		
	Mark the three points independently		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18 (d) (ii)	(Advantage): polypropene will decompose (naturally) ALLOW "rot" or "break down"	"Can be recycled" (0) for first scoring point	2
	<i>OR</i> polypropene will not require landfill (as it can decompose in sunlight)	Biodegradable for 1 st mark	
	OR no need to incinerate /burn		
	IGNORE "good for environment" / "no pollution" (1)		
	(Disadvantage): poly(propene) cannot be used when exposed to (bright) sunlight / UV / outdoors	Answers which do not imply exposure to UV/sunlight	
	OR		
	cannot be recycled / cannot be reused (1)	Biodegradable for 2 nd mark	
	(Disadvantage): poly(propene) cannot be used when exposed to (bright) sunlight / UV / outdoors OR cannot be recycled / cannot be reused (1) Mark the two points independently	Answers which do not imply exposure to UV/sunlight Biodegradable for 2 nd mark	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19 (a) (i)	(q = 250 x (31.5 – 21.0) x 4.18 =) 10972.5 (J) <i>IGNORE</i> sf except 1 sf <i>IGNORE</i> units even if incorrect <i>IGNORE</i> any sign at this stage <i>ALLOW</i> 10.97 (kJ)	10000 (J)	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19 (a) (ii)	$(M_r \text{ ethanol}) = 46$ (1) (Mass ethanol burned = 63.21 - 62.47 =) 0.74 (g) ALLOW 63.21 - 62.47 as alternative to 0.74 (1) (Amount of ethanol = 0.74 ÷ 46 =) 0.0161 (mol)	0.02 (mol) ethanol	3
	 (1) NOTE: Moles of ethanol are CQ on molar mass and /or mass of ethanol burned <i>IGNORE</i> sf except 1 sf NOTE: Correct answer with no working /limited working scores (3) Mark the three points independently 		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19 (a) (iii)	Answer (i) ÷ (1000 x answer (ii)) (1)		2
	NOTE : Be aware of numbers held in calculator not corresponding to what is written in answer		
	Value and negative sign (1)		
	IGNORE sf except 1 sf		
	NOTE : Answer consistent with (a)(i) and (a)(ii) with no working scores (2)		
	<u>E.g.</u> 10.9725 ÷ (0.74 ÷ 46) = -682 (kJ mol ⁻¹)		
	ALLOW Just kJ as the units		
	NOTE : If correct answer is given in J mol ⁻¹ , the units of J mol ⁻¹ must be clearly given for the second mark to be awarded.	Correct answer in J instead of J mol ⁻¹	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19 (b) (i)	100 x (1370 – Answer to (iii)) ÷ 1370 = value e.g. 100 x (1370 – 682) ÷ 1370 = 50.2 %	Incorrect rounding of final answer (0)	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
19 (b) (ii)	Any three from:			3
	Heat loss (from the beaker)/beaker not insulated/heat loss as no lid on beaker (containing the water) /no stirring	(1)	More accurate thermometer	
		(1)	/human error"	
	Incomplete combustion (of the alcohol)/formation of soot (on beaker)	(1)	Experiment carried out at a different	
	Not all of the energy from the flame is used heat the beaker and/or the water	to	(laboratory) temperature	
	OR			
	Too large a distance between flame and beal	ker /		
		(1)		
	Heat capacity of the beaker is neglected/beat absorbs heat/glass absorbs heat	aker (1)		
	Evaporation of the (hot) alcohol	(1)		
	Evaporation of the (hot) water	(1)		

Question	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
Number 19 (b) (iii)	$2 C(s) + 3H_2(a) + \frac{1}{2} O_2(a) \rightarrow C_2 H_2(a)$			3
(b) (iii)	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & \text{C(3)} + 3H_2(\text{g}) + 72 & \text{G}_2(\text{g}) + \text{G}_2(\text{g})$			5
	Correct expression or cycle	(1)		
	Evidence for both doubling ΔH_{c}^{θ} [C] and trebl ΔH_{c}^{θ} [H ₂]	ing (1)		
	Correct sign and answer	(1)		
	Correct answer with no working scores	(3)		
	Correct answer with an incorrect cycle	(3)		
	IGNORE units even if incorrect			
	Alternatively the following answers score as shown even with incorrect cycle or incorrect units	s ct		
	NOTE: (+)276 with or without working scores	(2)		
	(+)690 with or without working scores	(2)		
	-690 with or without working scores	(1)		
	-552 with or without working scores	(2)		
	-1134 with or without working scores	(2)		
	(+)1134 with or without working scores	(1)		
	(+)10 with or without working scores	(2)		
	REMINDER IF ANY OTHER ANSWER IS GIVEN: ALL WORKING MUST BE CHECKED TO SEE IF MARKS CAN BE AWARDED	ANY		

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 60 MARKS

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