

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

Advanced Subsidiary General Certificate of Education Advanced General Certificate of Education

MATHEMATICS

Further Pure Mathematics 1

Tuesday

sdav

7 JUNE 2005

Afternoon

1 hour 30 minutes

4725

Additional materials: Answer booklet Graph paper List of Formulae (MF1)

TIME 1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer booklet.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question or is clearly appropriate.
- You are permitted to use a graphical calculator in this paper.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.
- Questions carrying smaller numbers of marks are printed earlier in the paper, and questions carrying larger numbers of marks later in the paper.
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

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1 Use the standard results for $\sum_{r=1}^{n} r$ and $\sum_{r=1}^{n} r^2$ to show that, for all positive integers *n*,

$$\sum_{r=1}^{n} (6r^2 + 2r + 1) = n(2n^2 + 4n + 3).$$
 [6]

- 2 The matrices **A** and **I** are given by $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{I} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ respectively.
 - (i) Find \mathbf{A}^2 and verify that $\mathbf{A}^2 = 4\mathbf{A} \mathbf{I}$. [4]
 - (ii) Hence, or otherwise, show that $\mathbf{A}^{-1} = 4\mathbf{I} \mathbf{A}$. [2]

3 The complex numbers 2 + 3i and 4 - i are denoted by z and w respectively. Express each of the following in the form x + iy, showing clearly how you obtain your answers.

(i) z + 5w, [2]

(ii)
$$z^{*}w$$
, where z^{*} is the complex conjugate of z , [3]
(iii) $\frac{1}{w}$. [2]

- 4 Use an algebraic method to find the square roots of the complex number 21 20i. [6]
- 5 (i) Show that

$$\frac{r+1}{r+2} - \frac{r}{r+1} = \frac{1}{(r+1)(r+2)}.$$
[2]

(ii) Hence find an expression, in terms of *n*, for

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{20} + \dots + \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)}.$$
[4]

(iii) Hence write down the value of
$$\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(r+1)(r+2)}.$$
 [1]

6 The loci C_1 and C_2 are given by

|z - 2i| = 2 and |z + 1| = |z + i|

respectively.

- (i) Sketch, on a single Argand diagram, the loci C_1 and C_2 . [5]
- (ii) Hence write down the complex numbers represented by the points of intersection of C_1 and C_2 . [2]

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- 7 The matrix **B** is given by $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$.
 - (i) Given that **B** is singular, show that $a = -\frac{2}{3}$. [3]
 - (ii) Given instead that **B** is non-singular, find the inverse matrix \mathbf{B}^{-1} . [4]
 - (iii) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equations

$$-x + y + 3z = 1,$$

$$2x + y - z = 4,$$

$$y + 2z = -1.$$
[3]

- 8 (a) The quadratic equation $x^2 2x + 4 = 0$ has roots α and β .
 - (i) Write down the values of $\alpha + \beta$ and $\alpha\beta$. [2]
 - (ii) Show that $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = -4$. [2]
 - (iii) Hence find a quadratic equation which has roots α^2 and β^2 . [3]
 - (b) The cubic equation $x^3 12x^2 + ax 48 = 0$ has roots p, 2p and 3p.
 - (i) Find the value of *p*. [2]
 - (ii) Hence find the value of *a*. [2]

9 (i) Write down the matrix C which represents a stretch, scale factor 2, in the *x*-direction. [2]

- (ii) The matrix **D** is given by $\mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$. Describe fully the geometrical transformation represented by **D**. [2]
- (iii) The matrix **M** represents the combined effect of the transformation represented by **C** followed by the transformation represented by **D**. Show that

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$
 [2]

(iv) Prove by induction that
$$\mathbf{M}^n = \begin{pmatrix} 2^n & 3(2^n - 1) \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
, for all positive integers *n*. [6]

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