





Advanced GCE A2 H421

Advanced Subsidiary GCE AS H021

# **Mark Scheme for the Units**

January 2010

HX21/MS/R/10J

Mark Scheme

## F212 Molecules, Biodiversity, Food and Health

Ģ	Quest	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	(a)		obese ; iron ; haemoglobin ;		
				3	
1	(b) (c)	(i)	24.7 ; ; <u>overweight</u> / borderline <u>overweight</u> ;	2	If answer incorrect or to the wrong number of dp, then ALLOW one mark for working: 69 ÷ 1.67 <sup>2</sup> 24.74 = one mark IGNORE 25 and look for working mark If units are given, they <b>must</b> be kg m <sup>-2</sup> (or kg/m <sup>2</sup> ) Max 1 for incorrect units DO NOT CREDIT if more than one answer given
1	(c)	(ii)	<ol> <li>very close to border / AW;</li> <li>graph does not distinguish between male and female;</li> <li>does not measure actual fat / AW;</li> <li>has, more / less, muscle / bone (than normal) OR (does not take into account) muscle / bone, mass / density / weight;</li> <li>muscle / bone, heavier / denser, than fat / AW;</li> <li>pregnant;</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>DO NOT CREDIT mistake reading graph</li> <li>Must refer to idea of amount of muscle / bone being different from normal. DO NOT CREDIT muscle / bone unqualified CREDIT has osteoporosis as ref. to different bone density</li> </ol>
				2 max	

## Mark Scheme

G	Question	Expected Answers		Additional Guidance	
1	(d)	1 coronary heart disease / CHD / atherosclerosis / angina / coronary thrombosis / myocardial infarction / heart attack / cardiac arrest / cardiovascular disease / stroke ;		1 DO NOT CREDIT heart disease alone / arteriosclerosis	
		<ul> <li>2 (osteo)arthritis ;</li> <li>3 (Type 2) diabetes ;</li> <li>4 high blood pressure / <u>hyper</u>tension ;</li> <li>5 gallstones ;</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>2 DO NOT CREDIT rheumatoid arthritis</li> <li>3 DO NOT CREDIT Type 1 diabetes</li> </ul>	
		6 cancer;	2 max	6 ACCEPT any type of cancer	
		Total	10		

## Mark Scheme

Question	Expected Answers		Additional Guidance	
2 (a)	<ul> <li>1 hydrogen bond represented as, horizontal / vertical, dashed line between O on one molecule and H on the adjacent molecule ;</li> <li>2 hydrogen / H, bond label (on any drawn bond between 2 molecules) ;</li> <li>3 (delta positive) δ<sup>+</sup> on each drawn H and (delta negative) (2) δ<sup>-</sup> on each drawn O ;</li> </ul>	3	<ul> <li>δ<sup>+</sup> H hydrogen bond δ<sup>+</sup> H o δ<sup>-</sup> o δ<sup>-</sup> o δ<sup>-</sup> o δ<sup>-</sup> hydrogen bond o δ<sup>+</sup> h hydrogen bond o δ<sup>-</sup> h hydrogen bond o b</li></ul>	

## Mark Scheme

2 (b)       ice floats         P1       (ice less dense because) molecules spread out ;         P2       molecules form, crystal structure / lattice / AW ;	
P3ice forms insulating layer / clearly described ; water (below ice), does not freeze / still liquid / remains water / kept at higher temperature ;S1organisms do not freeze ; animals / organisms, can still, swim / move ; allows, currents / nutrients, to circulate ; solubilityP5ions / named ion, polar / charged ; ions / named ion, attracted to / bind to / interact with, water;S4(named) organisms / plants / animals, uptake / AW, minerals / named mineral / nutrients ;S5correct use of named, mineral / nutrient, in organism ;	<ul> <li>P3 e.g. acts as a barrier to the cold</li> <li>S1 DO NOT ACCEPT die (because 'survival' stated in stem)</li> <li>S4 ACCEPT obtain / enters / goes in / gets</li> <li>S5 needs to be more specific than 'for growth / metabolism' suitable examples include but are not limited to: nitrates for amino acids / protein / (named) nucleic acid / phosphate for ATP / phospholipids / plasma membrane / magnesium for chlorophyll etc</li> </ul>

F212		Mark Schen	ne	January 2010
		temperature stability		
	P7	many / stable, (hydrogen) bonds between molecules ;		P7 Many hydrogen bonds between molecules = 2 marks (gets P7 and H)
	<b>P8</b>	at lot of energy to, force apart molecules / break bonds;		P8 ACCEPT heat as alternative to energy
	Р9	high (specific) <u>heat</u> <u>capacity</u> ;		P9 DO NOT CREDIT latent heat capacity
	S6	temperature does not change much /		S6 could refer to organisms or surrounding water
		small variation in temperature;		ACCEPT stays cool in summer / stays warm in winter DO NOT CREDIT constant alone
	S7	effect of temperature on , enzymes / metabolic rate ;		<b>S7 ACCEPT</b> any reference to temperature affecting enzyme activity / metabolic rate
	S8	gases remain soluble ;		
		Award once in any section		
	Н	hydrogen bonds;		DO NOT CREDIT if in incorrect context
			7 max	(e.g. they are strong bonds)
		<b>QWC</b> - Award if you see a P mark <b>and</b> an S mark within the <b>same</b> section ;	1	Look for the <b>S</b> mark first, then award QWC if there is a <b>P</b> mark <b>in the same section</b> in the mark scheme
2 (c)				ACCEPT phonetic spelling throughout
		hydrolysis / hydrolytic ;		
		hydrophilic ;		IGNORE head
			2	
		Total	13	

## Mark Scheme

Q	uest	ion	Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	Χ;	1	
3	(a)	(ii)	1 substrate / PABA, and, inhibitor / sulfonamide, similar shape;		1 ACCEPT similar structure DO NOT CREDIT same shape
			<ul> <li>2 able to, bind / fit into / block, <u>active site</u>;</li> <li>3 (shape) <u>complimentary</u> to <u>active site</u>;</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>3 DO NOT CREDIT refs to PABA and sulfonamide being complementary to each other or to the enzyme (alone)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>4 both have, hex / benzene / 6-C, (ring);</li> <li>5 both have, NH<sub>2</sub> / amine;</li> </ul>		
			<b>6</b> correct ref to a difference between sulfonamide and PABA ;		6 e.g. only sulfonamide contains S sulfonamide has 1 more NH <sub>2</sub> group sulfonamide has SONH <sub>2</sub> but PABA has N <sub>2</sub> only PABA has COOH group
				3 max	
3	(b)	(i)	<ul> <li>without inhibitor</li> <li>1 more, PABA / substrate, molecules enter <u>active site</u>;</li> </ul>		1 ACCEPT more successful collisions between substrate and active site
			2 more, enzyme substrate complexes / ESCs, formed ;		
			3 at low concentration not all active sites occupied / at high concentration all active sites occupied ;		3 ACCEPT active sites filled / no free active sites DO NOT CREDIT active sites run out
			4 achieves / reaches, max (turnover) rate / V <sub>max</sub> ;		4 ACCEPT 'cannot work any quicker' DO NOT CREDIT 'optimum rate' or 'rate levels off'
			5 (at high substrate concentration) enzyme concentration limiting;	3 max	

## Mark Scheme

C	uest	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	(b)	(ii)	<ul> <li>with inhibitor</li> <li>1 inhibitor / sulfonamide, can, fit / block / bind to / compete for, active site;</li> <li>2 (occupies it) for a short time / temporary / reversibly;</li> <li>3 fewer active sites available (for substrate) / AW;</li> <li>4 (idea of) more substrate reduces chance of inhibitor getting in;</li> </ul>	2 max	<ul> <li>3 ACCEPT substrate can't access active site</li> <li>4 ACCEPT more ESC formed in context of overcoming inhibition / substrate can out-compete inhibitor</li> </ul>
3	(c)		<ol> <li>mutation ;</li> <li>sulfonamide is <u>selective</u>, agent / pressure ;</li> <li>resistant survive / non resistant die ;</li> <li>(resistance) allele / gene / mutation, passed to, offspring / next generation ;</li> <li>(happens) over many generations ;</li> <li>AVP ;</li> </ol>	4 max	<ul> <li>DO NOT CREDIT immune for any mark point</li> <li>3 IGNORE refs to (survivors) breed / reproduce ;</li> <li>5 IGNORE refs to time. Look for generations</li> <li>6 e.g. mutation is, random / spontaneous allele / gene, passed on by, plasmids / horizontal transmission</li> </ul>
3	(d)	(i)	bacteria, killed / destroyed / cannot grow / lyse, in presence of antibiotic ;	1	<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> 'antibiotic works better' <b>or</b> 'there are no bacteria there' <b>or</b> 'bacteria are broken down'
3	(d)	(ii)	streptomycin ;	1	<b>IGNORE</b> '4' as it is the number rather than the name

## Mark Scheme

C	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	(d)	(iii)			<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> responses which simply refer to selecting the best antibiotic
			<ol> <li>cheap / AW ;</li> <li>(test is) quick to carry out / (deals with several antibiotics) at same time / AW ;</li> <li>(idea of) allowing early treatment of patient ;</li> <li>(idea of) compares antibiotics under same conditions ;</li> <li>(correct antibiotic first time) to prevent antibiotic resistance developing ;</li> </ol>	3 max	2 DO NOT CREDIT speed of antibiotic action
3	(e)		(new) drugs come from (named) organisms ; biodiversity is reducing ; habitats / named habitat, destroyed / lost ; <u>reason</u> for habitat destruction ;	2 max	<ul> <li>ACCEPT plants / animals / fungi / species / etc.</li> <li>ACCEPT deforestation / natural environment lost</li> <li>e.g. global warming         <ul> <li>logging</li> <li>fuel</li> <li>crops</li> <li>construction / industrialisation</li> <li>mining</li> <li>fishing</li> <li>pollution</li> <li>tourism</li> </ul> </li> <li>ACCEPT any other valid reason that will destroy natural habitats but not general statements such as 'human development' or 'business'</li> </ul>
			Total	20	

#### Mark Scheme

Q	uest	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance	
4	(a)	(i)	L; M; J;	3	If 2 <sup>nd</sup> letter given, no mark	
4	(a)	(ii)	<ol> <li>peptide bond ;</li> <li>between, amine / J group (of one amino acid) and carboxyl / L group (of another) ;</li> <li>H (from amine group ) combines with OH (from carboxyl group) ;</li> <li>condensation reaction OR water, lost / eliminated / produced / created / AW ;</li> <li>covalent ;</li> </ol>	3 max	CREDIT answers from clearly drawn diagrams with bonds labelled 1 ACCEPT peptide link	
4	(b)		<ol> <li>some R groups, attract / repel;</li> <li><u>di</u>sulfide, bridges / bond;</li> <li>between, cysteine / SH / S (atoms);</li> <li>hydrogen / H, bonds;</li> <li>ionic bonds between, oppositely charged / + and -, R groups;</li> <li>hydrophilic R groups, on outside of molecule / in contact with water (molecules);</li> <li>hydrophobic R groups, on inside of molecule / shielded from water (molecules);</li> </ol>	4 max	4 DO NOT CREDIT in context of secondary structure	

#### Mark Scheme

Q	Question			Expected	Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance	
4	(c)	(i)		glycogen	collagen	]		<b>AWARD</b> 1 mark per correct row Comparative statements must be made in a row
			1	carbohydrate / polysaccharide	protein / polypeptide	;		
			2	(alpha) glucose (units)	amino acid (units)	;		2 DO NOT CREDIT beta
			3	identical units	different amino acid units	;		
			4glycosidic, bonds / linkspeptide, bonds / links;5branchedunbranched / linear;	glycosidic, bonds / links	peptide, bonds / links	;		
				;		5 ALLOW straight		
			6	non-helical	helical	;		
			7	one chain (per molecule)	three chains (per molecule)	;		7 DO NOT CREDIT strands
			8	no cross links	cross links (between chains)	;		
			9	contains C H O	contains C H O N	;		9 IGNORE S (for collagen)
							3 max	
4	(c)	(ii)	(high tensile) strength / strong ; does not stretch / is not elastic ; insoluble ;				Mark the 1 <sup>st</sup> answer on each numbered line IGNORE fibrous / tough	
			fie	xible ;	То	tal	2 max 15	

## Mark Scheme

Q	Question		Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	(diagram shows that some) individuals have more than one risk factor;	1	DO NOT CREDIT CHD is multifactorial
5	(a)	(ii)			Mark the 1 <sup>st</sup> answer on each numbered line.
			1 high, saturated / animal, fat diet;		1 ACCEPT absence of polyunsaturated fats
			2 high salt intake ;		
			<b>3</b> (diet) low in (named) antioxidants / vitamin A / vitamin C / vitamin E ;		
			4 obesity;		
			5 genetic / heredity / inherited / ethnicity / race;		
			6 gender / sex ;		
			7 excess alcohol consumption;		7 must indicate, excess / high levels
			8 (increasing) age;		
			9 diabetes ;		
			10 stress ;		
				2 max	

## Mark Scheme

C	Question		Expected Answers			Marks	Additional Guidance
5	(a)	(iii)					DO NOT CREDIT hybrid ticks
			effect	nicotine	carbon monoxide		IGNORE crosses in the 'blank' boxes
			increases heart rate	$\checkmark$			
			constricts arterioles	$\checkmark$		. ,	
			damages the lining of arteries		~	- 7	
			reduces the ability of haemoglobin to carry oxygen		~	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
			makes platelets sticky	$\checkmark$		;	
						4	

#### Mark Scheme

G	uesti	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5	(b)		1 damage to endothelium;		
			2 LDLs contain, saturated fat / cholesterol;		2 DO NOT CREDIT moves / transports CREDIT LDLs are protein and saturated fat / cholesterol
			3 LDLs collect at site of damage;		3 must be stated
			4 fatty substances / cholesterol / LDLs, deposited, <u>in</u> artery wall / <u>under</u> endothelium ;		4 ACCEPT fats / lipids ACCEPT under lining of artery wall DO NOT CREDIT veins / vessels / capillaries
				2 max	
5	(c)		1 increases size / AW, of <u>lumen</u> ;		1 ACCEPT reduces blockage in lumen
			2 increases / eases / decreases resistance to, blood flow ;		2 ACCEPT 'more blood' / 'blood flows more freely' / 'blood flows as normal' / 'quicker blood flow'
			<b>3</b> (therefore) more, $O_2$ / glucose ;		<ul> <li>3 needs idea of more oxygen (than before operation)</li> <li>CREDIT idea of preventing oxygen starvation</li> </ul>
			4 for <u>aerobic</u> respiration ;		
			<b>5</b> in, heart <u>muscle</u> / cardiac <u>muscle</u> / myocardium ;		
			6 more CO <sub>2</sub> removed ;		
				4 max	'more oxygenated blood' gets mark points 2 and 3
			Total	13	

#### Mark Scheme

Q	Question		Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
6	6 (a) (i)		<u>de</u> oxyrib <u>ose</u> (sugar) ;		DO NOT CREDIT dioxyribose
			phosphate (group);		<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> phosphate head or phosphate backbone
			(nitrogenous / purine or pyrimidine) base / one correctly named base ;	3	DO NOT CREDIT letter instead of named base DO NOT CREDIT uracil DO NOT CREDIT incorrect spelling of thymine with 'a'
6	(a)	(ii)			assume answer refers to RNA unless otherwise stated
			has ribose ; uracil / U, instead of, thymine / T ; single stranded ; 3 forms / AW ;		<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> incorrect spelling of thymine with 'a'
				2 max	

## Mark Scheme

Q	Question		Expected Answers			Additional Guidance
6	(b)		1	untwist / unwind ;		1 DO NOT CREDIT unravel
		S S	2 3	unzip / described ; H bond breaks ;		2 DO NOT CREDIT strands separating without qualification
			4	both strands act as template;		
		N N R R R	5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>(aligning of) free (DNA) <u>nucleotides</u>;</li> <li><u>complementary</u>, base / nucleotide, pairing;</li> <li>C to G <u>and</u> T to A / purine to pyrimidine;</li> <li>hydrogen bonds reform;</li> <li>sugar-phosphate back bone forms;</li> <li>(using) covalent / phosphodiester, bond;</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>5 DO NOT CREDIT bases</li> <li>6 &amp; 7 Do not consider for QWC if mark awarded in the context of breaking apart or DNA structure only, rather than forming new double helix</li> </ul>
			11 12 13	<u>semi-conservative</u> replication ; DNA polymerase ; AVP ;	6 max	<ul> <li>12 CREDIT at any stage in the process</li> <li>13 e.g. ligase / helicase / gyrase used in correct context C – G 3 H bonds / T – A 2 H bonds activation of free nucleotides (with 2 phosphates) synthesis in the 5' to 3' direction Okazaki fragments on lagging strand</li> </ul>
				QWC - correct sequence – 1 S mark, then 1 N mark, then 1 R mark ;	1	It should be clear that candidate realises that the sequence is S, then N then R – even if not written in that order <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> if any ref to transcription / translation

## Mark Scheme

Q	Question		Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
6	(c)	(i)	polypeptide / protein / primary structure / a sequence of amino acids ;	1	DO NOT CREDIT 'codes for an amino acid' IGNORE enzyme / named protein
6	5 (c) (ii)		<ul> <li>(ii) different, sequence of amino acids / primary structure / AW ; different protein / protein folds up differently / different tertiary structure ; (product) no longer functions / different function ;</li> </ul>		DO NOT CREDIT 'product' or incorrect biochemical (e.g. carbohydrate) ACCEPT suitable example, e.g. active site of enzyme no longer complimentary to substrate

## Mark Scheme

(	Quest	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
7	(a)		<ul> <li>habitat</li> <li>1 the place where, an organism / organisms / a population / a community, lives ;</li> <li>1 max</li> </ul>		1 ACCEPT animal or plant ACCEPT location / environment / area DO NOT CREDIT ecosystem
			<ul> <li>biodiversity</li> <li>variety of life / the range of living organisms found / AW;</li> <li>variety / range, of, habitats / ecosystems;</li> <li>number of different species;</li> <li>variety / genetic diversity, within species;</li> <li>2 max</li> </ul>	3 max	<ul> <li><i>max 2</i> for biodiversity</li> <li>2 DO NOT CREDIT ref to variation ACCEPT <u>species</u> richness / <u>species</u> diversity</li> <li>4 must have ref to number / how many / etc.</li> </ul>
7	(b)		not random / should have been random ; unrepresentative / skewed / biased, results ; creates an over-estimate of diversity ; may miss some (dominant) species / does not cover full range of species ;	2 max	DO NOT CREDIT ref to 'fair test' unless qualified 'misleading' is not quite good enough CREDIT plant / animal instead of species
7	(c)	(i) remove units from the body of the table <u>and</u> put units in column heading / AW ;		1	ALLOW 'measurement' or 'type of measurement' instead of 'unit' DO NOT CREDIT 'units are not necessary in table'

## Mark Scheme

C	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
7	(c)	(ii)	bell shaped ;		<ul> <li>must start at 0% cover and after 0m and finish at 0% cover and before 100m</li> </ul>
					<ul> <li>line must cross the line for bracken</li> </ul>
					<ul> <li>allow sharp angle for peak of bell</li> </ul>
			peak / highest point, for ling between peaks for bracken and cotton grass (on horizontal axis) ; peak / highest point, for ling lower than both bracken and cotton grass (on vertical axis) ;		
			bracken and betten grade (en vertical axis);	3	
7	(c)	(iii)	1 absent at bottom of slope / present at top of slope ;		<ul> <li>1 DO NOT CREDIT that bracken is present at top if answer also implies that some bracken is present at the bottom</li> <li>ALLOW 'before 40 - 50m' as AW for 'bottom'</li> <li>ALLOW 'after 40 - 50m' as AW for 'top'</li> <li>ALLOW 'start' instead of 'bottom' and 'finish' or 'end' or 'higher up' instead of 'top'</li> <li>Needs to be stated – cannot be implied from mp 2</li> </ul>
			2 amount of bracken / percentage cover, increases with increasing distance;		
			3 comparative figs. with units;		<b>3</b> two percentages at two stated distances (must be from table) e.g. 0% at 0m and 74% at 100m
					<b>or</b> percentage difference between two stated distances
					ALLOW 'percentage cover' instead of % for units
				2 max	<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> 0% at the bottom and 74% at the top (as no distance has been quoted)

## Mark Scheme

C	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
7	(d)	(i)	record / identify / list / AW, all species / (all) other plants ; (count / estimate) numbers of <u>individuals</u> within each species / AW ;	2 max	IGNORE observe IGNORE animals for this habitat IGNORE 'species richness' and any other calculation ACCEPT the number of plants / species If the formula is given, only credit this mark if 'n' is explained in terms of the number of individuals within the species
7	(d)	(ii)	not stable / at risk / low ability to withstand change / AW ; more likely to lose species ;	1 max	<b>IGNORE</b> 'biodiversity is low' as this is given in the question <b>IGNORE</b> 'only a few species' or 'dominated by a few species' as these are descriptions of low biodiversity
			Total	14	

## **Grade Thresholds**

#### Advanced GCE (Biology) (H021 H421) January 2010 Examination Series

#### Unit Threshold Marks

U	nit	Maximum Mark	Α	В	С	D	E	U
F211	Raw	60	40	35	31	27	23	0
	UMS	90	72	63	54	45	36	0
F212	Raw	100	69	62	56	50	44	0
	UMS	150	120	105	90	75	60	0
F214	Raw	60	40	36	32	28	25	0
	UMS	90	72	63	54	45	36	0

#### **Specification Aggregation Results**

Overall threshold marks in UMS (ie after conversion of raw marks to uniform marks)

	Maximum Mark	Α	В	С	D	E	U
H021	300	240	210	180	150	120	0

The cumulative percentage of candidates awarded each grade was as follows:

	A	В	С	D	E	U	Total Number of Candidates
H021	8.8	28.6	54.1	78.4	95.1	100.0	1505

#### 1505 candidates aggregated this series

For a description of how UMS marks are calculated see:

http://www.ocr.org.uk/learners/ums/index.html

Statistics are correct at the time of publication.