

Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2014

International GCE Chemistry (6CH02/01R)

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Summer 2014
Publications Code US038315\*
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#### **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Mark schemes will indicate within the table where, and which strands of QWC, are being assessed. The strands are as follows:
  - i) ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate so that meaning is clear
  - ii) select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
  - iii) organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate

#### Using the Mark Scheme

Examiners should look for qualities to reward rather than faults to penalise. This does NOT mean giving credit for incorrect or inadequate answers, but it does mean allowing candidates to be rewarded for answers showing correct application of principles and knowledge. Examiners should therefore read carefully and consider every response: even if it is not what is expected it may be worthy of credit.

The mark scheme gives examiners:

- an idea of the types of response expected
- how individual marks are to be awarded
- the total mark for each question
- examples of responses that should NOT receive credit.

/ means that the responses are alternatives and either answer should receive full credit.

( ) means that a phrase/word is not essential for the award of the mark, but helps the examiner to get the sense of the expected answer.

Phrases/words in **bold** indicate that the <u>meaning</u> of the phrase or the actual word is **essential** to the answer.

ecf/TE/cq (error carried forward) means that a wrong answer given in an earlier part of a question is used correctly in answer to a later part of the same question.

Candidates must make their meaning clear to the examiner to gain the mark. Make sure that the answer makes sense. Do not give credit for correct words/phrases which are put together in a meaningless manner. Answers must be in the correct context.

#### **Quality of Written Communication**

Questions which involve the writing of continuous prose will expect candidates to:

- write legibly, with accurate use of spelling, grammar and punctuation in order to make the meaning clear
- select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
- organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.

Full marks will be awarded if the candidate has demonstrated the above abilities.

Questions where QWC is likely to be particularly important are indicated (QWC) in the mark scheme, but this does not preclude others.

# Section A (multiple choice)

Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number	Correct Answer	Keject	Wark
1(a)	D		1
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number			
1(b)	В		1
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number	Correct Ariswei	Reject	IVIAIR
2	В		1
		- 1	
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number			
3(a)	D		1
Question	Correct Answer	Dojoct	Mark
Number	Correct Ariswei	Reject	IVIALK
3 (b)	D		1
	1 -		
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number			
4	В		1
0			
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number 5(a)	D		1
<b>3(a)</b>			'
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number			
5(b)	C		1
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number 6	A		1
0	A		ı
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number		13,555	
7	D		1
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number	D		1
8	В		1
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number	Soft Cot Allswei	Koject	Walk
9	С		1
L	3	1	

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
10	С		1
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
11	В		1
	•	•	•
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
12(a)	Α		1
		<u> </u>	
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
12(b)	С		1
		<u> </u>	,
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
13	Α		1
		<u> </u>	
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
14	В		1
		•	
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
15	D		1
		•	•
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
16	С		1

# **TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 20 MARKS**

# **Section B**

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17 (a)	The correct number of dots and crosses around both chromium atoms  (1)  All the oxygen atoms to have the correct number of bonds and the lone pairs  (1)  The extra 2 electrons from the potassium on the oxygen(s)  (1)	Both * on the same oxygen	3

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17 (b)(i)	$(n=14.71 \div 294.2 = ) 0.0500 (mol)$ (1)		2
	$(c = 0.0500 \div 0.25 = ) 0.200 \text{ (mol dm}^{-3})$ (1) Allow TE on incorrect $M_r$ value		
	Allow use of 294 Correct answer without working scores (2) Allow 1SF		
	If units are given then they must be correct		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
17	$(0.00250 \times 6 =) 0.0150 \text{ (mol)}$			2
(b) (ii)	$(0.0150 \times 166 = 2.49 (g))$	(1)		
	2.6 ≤ value ≤ 5.0 (g)	(1)		
	TE for suitable mass to use on incorrect calculation			
	Suitable mass must be between 0.10 g more than the calculated value but less than or equal to double the calculated value	re		
	Allow 1 SF for the suitable mass			

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
17 (b)(iii)	(0.00260 x 2 =) 0.00520 (mol)	(1)		2
	$(V=0.00520 \div 0.16 \times 1000 =) 32.5 \text{ (cm}^3) \\ 0.0325 \text{ dm}^3$	/ <b>(1)</b>		
	Allow answer without working	(2)		
	Volume must be at least 3 SF			

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17 (b) (iv)	Percentage error large with a small mass/ Mass is only to 1 SF (1)	Just 'mass is not accurate'  Reference to concentration.	2
	No repeats possible (1)		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17 (c)(i)	$CI^{-} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}CI_{2} + e^{(-)}$ OR $CI^{-} - e^{(-)} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}CI_{2}$	Reverse equation	1
	Ignore state symbols even if wrong Allow multiples	lodide equation	
	Allow $2HCI \rightarrow CI_2 + 2e^{(-)} + 2H^+$		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17	(Gas X) Ammonia / NH <sub>3</sub>		2
(c)(ii)	Allow ammonia (solution) / NH <sub>3</sub> (aq) (1)		
	(Observation) White smoke / solid  ALLOW Dense white fumes/white cloud (1)	Misty fumes/ White gas/ White ppt/ Steamy fumes	
	The observation mark is consequential on the Gas X being correct or a near-miss  If name and formula given then both must be		
	correct		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
17 (d)	Cream ppt / solid  ALLOW Off white / pale yellow  Cream ppt/AgBr remains in dilute NH <sub>3</sub> but dissolves in conc. NH <sub>3</sub>	(1) (1)	Just yellow/ Just white Just bromide ions	3
	AgCI dissolves in both dilute and conc. NH <sub>3</sub>	(1)		

**TOTAL FOR Q17 = 17 MARKS** 

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18 (a)	The outer electrons are closer to the nucleus/smaller atomic radius/ less electron shells (in calcium) (1)	Ionic radius/ Molecules Just 'less electrons'	2
	Less shielding (in calcium) (1)		
	OR Reverse argument for strontium		
	Ignore reference to repulsion between shells		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
18 (b)(i)	Nichrome wire / platinum wire / silica rods	(1)	Nickel/Ni/ Chromium/Cr/ Metal loop/wire	2
	(Dip / clean) in (concentrated) HCI/HCI(aq)/dilute HCI an place in Bunsen flame	d <b>(1)</b>	Yellow flame/burn	
	OR			
	Allow alternative procedures such as:			
	Make a salt solution	(1)		
	Soak in wooden splint and place in Bunsen flame	(1)		

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
18 (b)(ii)	(Pale/Light) green / apple green	Blue-green	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
18 (b)(iii)	Electrons promoted to higher energy level (1	)		3
	Electron(s) return to lower energy level (*)	1)		
	Release of (visible/ light) energy/ photon upon return (1	)	Proton	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18 (c)(i)	Barium hydroxide / Ba(OH) <sub>2</sub>		1
	Allow product as part of the equation: Ba + $2H_2O \rightarrow Ba(OH)_2 + H_2$		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18 (c) (ii)	Bubbles / Fizzing / Effervescence  IGNORE The Barium dissolves / forms a colourless solution Increase in temperature	The metal sinks Air bubbles Just 'a gas is produced'	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18 (d)(i)	Barium is oxidized from 0 to +2 (1)		2
	Chlorine is reduced from 0 to -1 (1)		
	Allow one mark if oxidized and reduced are the wrong way round		
	Ignore reference to transfer of electron unless incorrect.		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
18 (d)(ii)	$Ba^{2+}(aq) + SO_4^{2-}(aq) \rightarrow BaSO_4(s)$			2
	One mark for chemical symbols	(1)		
	One mark for state symbols	(1)	BaSO₄(aq)	
	Allow one mark maximum for: $BaCl_2(aq) + H_2SO_4(aq) \rightarrow BaSO_4(s) + 2HO$	CI(aq)		
	OR lons not cancelled			

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
18 (d)(iii)	To prevent formation of carbonate / sulfite / sulfate(IV) (precipitate) / to remove carbonate / sulfite / sulfate(IV) ions	Just 'to remove other ions'	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18 (e)(i)	$MgCO_3 + 2HCI \rightarrow MgCI_2 + H_2O + CO_2$ Ignore state symbols even if incorrect $ALLOW$ $MgCO_3 + 2HCI \rightarrow MgCI_2 + H_2CO_3$		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18 (e) (ii)	Marking Point 1 (Factor) Use larger lumps (1)  Marking Point 2 (Explanation) Decreases surface area OR Fewer collisions between the reactants (1)  Alternatively Marking Point 1 (Factor) Decreases surface area (1)  Marking Point 2 (Explanation) Fewer collisions between the reactants (1)		4
	Marking Point 3 (Factor) Decrease concentration (of acid) (1)	Just 'increased size of MgCO <sub>3</sub> '	
	Marking Point 4 (Explanation) Fewer collisions between the reactants OR Fewer particles for the same volume (1) Explanation marking point only awarded for correct factor or a near miss.		
		Just 'change in volume of acid'	

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
18 (f)	Pressure only affects gaseous reactions/		1
	There is no significant volume change/the		
	liquids are incompressible		

TOTAL FOR Q18 = 21 MARKS TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 38 MARKS

# **Section C**

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19 (a)	Tertiary (1)	Secondary/ Primary	2
	Part of the molecule which determines how it will react / atom (or group of atoms) responsible for its (chemical) properties (1)		

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
19 (b)	$C_{10}H_{20}O_2$	$C_{10}H_{18}(OH)_2$	1

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
19 (c)(i)	Inert /unreactive /abrasive / breaks open (cell walls)		1
	Allow 'releases the oil'		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
19 (c)(ii)	London forces	(1)		3
	Allow van der Waals'/dispersion forces / tempolinduced dipole forces	rary-		
	Temporary / instantaneous dipoles due to movement of electrons	(1)		
	Induces dipoles (in adjacent molecules)	(1)		
	Any reference to permanent dipoles MP3 only c awarded.	an be		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19 (c)(iii)	Filtration Allow	Distillation	1
	Centrifuge and decant	Just decant	

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
19 (c)(iv)	Drying agent/Removing water/absorb moisture	Dehydration	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19 (c) (v)	The liquid / cyclohexane / p-menthane-3,8-diol evaporates (1)		4
	And then condenses and runs back into the flask / cannot escape (1)		
	Allow 1 mark for reference to reflux if first two marks not awarded		
	Set up apparatus for distillation		
	Allow fractional/steam distillation (1)		
	Allow diol remains in the flask/separate out the		
	cyclohexane (1)		
	Allow one mark simply for 'distillation'		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19 (d)(i)	Absorption due to OH (stretch)/ Peak due to the OH  ALLOW Alcohol/hydroxyl group	Reference to 'fingerprint region' Bond breaking	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
19 (d)(ii)	$CH_3^+$ (1 $OH^+$ (1 $Allow$ $CH_2^+$ Penalise the lack of charge or incorrect charge once only	1)		2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19 (e)	Possible structured isomers of p-mentane-3, 8-diol  OH HO H		2

Question	Acceptable Answers			Mark
Number				
19 (f)	Any two from:			4
	Principle	Explanation		
	Reduced depletion of non- renewable resources (1)	Use renewable resources (1)		
	Reduced energy use / more efficient use of energy (to heat up) (1)	Use of catalysts (1)	-	
		Use of microwave energy (1)		
	Less pollution (1)	Reduce hazardous waste / damage to environment (1)		
	Less waste (1)	Improve atom economy (1)		
		Find use for any by-product (1)		
	Ignore references to cost / g	greener/ recycling		

TOTAL FOR SECTION C (Question 19) = 22 MARKS

**TOTAL FOR PAPER = 80 Marks** 

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