General Certificate of Education January 2008 Advanced Level Examination

# ASSESSMENT and QUALIFICATIONS ALLIANCE

## MATHEMATICS Unit Further Pure 3

MFP3

Friday 25 January 2008 1.30 pm to 3.00 pm

#### For this paper you must have:

- an 8-page answer book
- the blue AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables.

You may use a graphics calculator.

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

#### **Instructions**

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The *Examining Body* for this paper is AQA. The *Paper Reference* is MFP3.
- Answer all questions.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.

#### Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.

#### Advice

• Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.

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Answer all questions.

2

1 The function y(x) satisfies the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = \mathrm{f}(x, y)$$

where

$$f(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$$

and

$$y(2) = 1$$

(a) Use the Euler formula

$$y_{r+1} = y_r + h f(x_r, y_r)$$

with h = 0.1, to obtain an approximation to y(2.1).

(3 marks)

(b) Use the formula

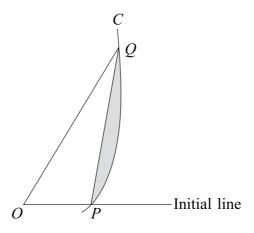
$$y_{r+1} = y_{r-1} + 2hf(x_r, y_r)$$

with your answer to part (a), to obtain an approximation to y(2.2).

(3 marks)

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2 The diagram shows a sketch of part of the curve C whose polar equation is  $r = 1 + \tan \theta$ . The point O is the pole.



The points P and Q on the curve are given by  $\theta = 0$  and  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$  respectively.

(a) Show that the area of the region bounded by the curve C and the lines OP and OQ is

$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3} + \ln 2 \tag{6 marks}$$

- (b) Hence find the area of the shaded region bounded by the line PQ and the arc PQ of C.

  (3 marks)
- 3 (a) Find the general solution of the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}x^2} + 4\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} + 5y = 5 \tag{6 marks}$$

- (b) Hence express y in terms of x, given that y = 2 and  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3$  when x = 0. (4 marks)
- 4 (a) Explain why  $\int_{1}^{\infty} x e^{-3x} dx$  is an improper integral. (1 mark)

(b) Find 
$$\int xe^{-3x} dx$$
. (3 marks)

(c) Hence evaluate 
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} xe^{-3x} dx$$
, showing the limiting process used. (3 marks)

5 By using an integrating factor, find the solution of the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} + \frac{4x}{x^2 + 1} y = x$$

given that y = 1 when x = 0. Give your answer in the form y = f(x). (9 marks)

**6** A curve C has polar equation

$$r^2 \sin 2\theta = 8$$

- (a) Find the cartesian equation of C in the form y = f(x). (3 marks)
- (b) Sketch the curve C. (1 mark)
- (c) The line with polar equation  $r = 2 \sec \theta$  intersects C at the point A. Find the polar coordinates of A. (4 marks)
- 7 (a) (i) Write down the expansion of ln(1+2x) in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in  $x^3$ . (2 marks)
  - (ii) State the range of values of x for which this expansion is valid. (1 mark)
  - (b) (i) Given that  $y = \ln \cos x$ , find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ ,  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  and  $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3}$ . (4 marks)
    - (ii) Find the value of  $\frac{d^4y}{dx^4}$  when x = 0. (3 marks)
    - (iii) Hence, by using Maclaurin's theorem, show that the first two non-zero terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of x, of  $\ln \cos x$  are

$$-\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^4}{12}$$
 (2 marks)

(c) Find

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left[ \frac{x \ln(1+2x)}{x^2 - \ln \cos x} \right] \tag{3 marks}$$

**8** (a) Given that  $x = e^t$  and that y is a function of x, show that:

(i) 
$$x \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dt}$$
; (3 marks)

(ii) 
$$x^2 \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}x^2} = \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}t^2} - \frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}t}.$$
 (3 marks)

(b) Hence find the general solution of the differential equation

$$x^{2} \frac{d^{2}y}{dx^{2}} - 6x \frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = 0$$
 (5 marks)

### END OF QUESTIONS

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