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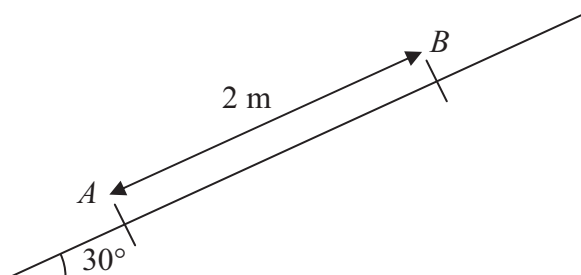


Figure 2

A particle  $P$  of mass  $0.5 \text{ kg}$  is projected from a point  $A$  up a line of greatest slope  $AB$  of a fixed plane. The plane is inclined at  $30^\circ$  to the horizontal and  $AB = 2 \text{ m}$  with  $B$  above  $A$ , as shown in Figure 2. The particle  $P$  passes through  $B$  with speed  $5 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . The plane is smooth from  $A$  to  $B$ .

(a) Find the speed of projection.

(4)

The particle  $P$  comes to instantaneous rest at the point  $C$  on the plane, where  $C$  is above  $B$  and  $BC = 1.5 \text{ m}$ . From  $B$  to  $C$  the plane is rough and the coefficient of friction between  $P$  and the plane is  $\mu$ .

By using the work-energy principle,

(b) find the value of  $\mu$ .

(6)

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6. A particle  $P$  moves on the  $x$ -axis. The acceleration of  $P$  at time  $t$  seconds is  $(t - 4) \text{ m s}^{-2}$  in the positive  $x$ -direction. The velocity of  $P$  at time  $t$  seconds is  $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . When  $t = 0$ ,  $v = 6$ .

Find

- (a)  $v$  in terms of  $t$ , (4)
- (b) the values of  $t$  when  $P$  is instantaneously at rest, (3)
- (c) the distance between the two points at which  $P$  is instantaneously at rest. (4)

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**Question 6 continued**

Lined writing area with 30 horizontal lines for student response.



7.

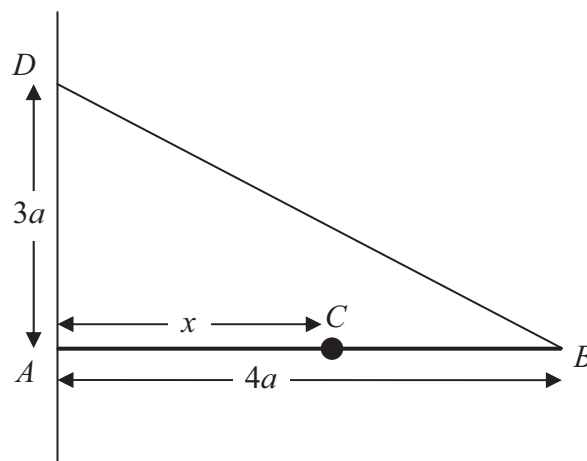


Figure 3

A uniform rod  $AB$ , of mass  $3m$  and length  $4a$ , is held in a horizontal position with the end  $A$  against a rough vertical wall. One end of a light inextensible string  $BD$  is attached to the rod at  $B$  and the other end of the string is attached to the wall at the point  $D$  vertically above  $A$ , where  $AD = 3a$ . A particle of mass  $3m$  is attached to the rod at  $C$ , where  $AC = x$ . The rod is in equilibrium in a vertical plane perpendicular to the wall as shown in Figure 3. The tension in the string is  $\frac{25}{4}mg$ .

Show that

(a)  $x = 3a$ , (5)

(b) the horizontal component of the force exerted by the wall on the rod has magnitude  $5mg$ . (3)

The coefficient of friction between the wall and the rod is  $\mu$ . Given that the rod is about to slip,

(c) find the value of  $\mu$ . (5)

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