





Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit F211: Cells, Exchange and Transport

Mark Scheme for January 2011

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Qu	estion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	mitosis / mitotic division ;	1	DO NOT CREDIT meitosis, miosis ACCEPT mytosis
	(b)	N; L; K; J;	4	Mark the first answer for each stage. If the first answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks.
	(c)	1 checking, genetic material / DNA / chromatin / chromosome(s) / genes, (for errors) ;		Mark the first two suggestions only. IGNORE DNA , replication / synthesis ACCEPT checking for mutations DO NOT CREDIT check for <i>cell</i> mutations
		2 protein synthesis ;		ACCEPT named step e.g. transcription / translation / described
		3 synthesis / replication / increase in number of, organelles / named organelle ;		CREDIT one named organelle only ACCEPT centriole as organelle IGNORE organelle growth
		4 ATP production / respiration ;		IGNORE release energy DO NOT CREDIT produce / create, energy (in form of ATP)
		5 <u>cell</u> growth / increase in <u>cell</u> , volume / size ;		IGNORE cytoplasm replicates
			2 max	

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(d)			Mark the first <u>two</u> suggestions only. Read as prose unless candidate has indicated two points by bullets or numbers in this case mark the first comment in each bullet.
	<i>in plant</i> (cell), plate / wall, forms (between new cells) ;		Assume response refers to plants unless stated otherwise. Accept reverse argument for animals. CREDIT in animal no cell plate IGNORE plants have cell walls unqualified
	idea of : cytokinesis starts from middle of cell ;		ACCEPT cytokinesis starts at outer edge in animals
	(only) occurs in meristem ;		ACCEPT cambium / specialised tissues / cells IGNORE ref (root) cap, root tip / shoot tip CREDIT in animals most, cells / tissues, can divide
	no centrioles ;		ACCEPT centrioles not used to pull chromatids apart DO NOT CREDIT no spindle fibres in plants
	AVP;	2 max	e.g. nuclear envelope does not reform in most plant cells in telophase I (it does form in most animal cells)
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Que	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance		
2	(a)		A = bronchiole ; B = alveolus / alveoli ;	2	Mark the first answer for each letter. If the first answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks. DO NOT CREDIT bronchus ACCEPT phonetic spelling of alveolus and bronchiole e.g. aveoli		
	(b)				Mark the first <u>two</u> suggestions only. Read as prose unless candidate has indicated two points by bullets or numbers – in this case mark the first comment in each bullet.		
			1 large, surface area / SA :VOL ;		ACCEPT large SA / VOL, (alveoli) are small and in large number DO NOT CREDIT large amounts of tiny alveoli		
			2 (alveolar) wall / epithelium, one cell thick ;		ACCEPT thin wall / thin barrier DO NOT CREDIT ref to cell wall / lining IGNORE alveolus one cell thick		
			3 (made of) squamous, cells / epithelium ;		ACCEPT correct description of squamous cells (e.g. thin flat cell layer) ACCEPT pavement epithelium IGNORE reference to moist DO NOT CREDIT endothelium		
			4 ref to surfactant ;				
			<i>idea of:</i> 5 (very) close to, capillaries / blood supply OR				
			rich blood supply / many capillaries;	2 max	IGNORE ref to elastic fibres		

Question	Expected Answers Marks		Additional Guidance
(c)	 1 (histamine), binds / attaches, to, receptor / glycoprotein ; <i>idea of :</i> 2 in / on, plasma / cell surface, membrane (of muscle cell) ; 3 <u>complementary</u> (shape) ; 		binds to complementary receptor = 2 marks ACCEPT glycolipids IGNORE binding site, ref antigens ACCEPT in / on, cell surface / cell membrane (of muscle cells) ACCEPT membrane bound receptors (on muscle cells)
	4 triggers response / causes effect, inside cells ;	2 max	CREDIT correct examples of effects / details inside cells e.g. ref to opening sodium channes in cell surface membrane ref to second messenger ref to cyclic AMP ref to activation of enzymes / kinases ref to phosphorylation
(d)	<i>idea of :</i> 1 more tissue fluid formed / increase in volume of tissue fluid ; 2 increase pressure in tissue ;		Mark the first <u>two</u> suggestions only. Read as prose unless candidate has indicated two points by bullets or numbers – in this case mark the first comment in each bullet. IGNORE refs to the capillaries becoming more leaky IGNORE more water passes out
	 3 swelling / inflammation / oedema; 4 (more) white blood cells pass into tissues ; 5 larger molecules / (named) proteins , pass into tissue fluid ; 	2 max	DO NOT CREDIT <i>cells</i> swell ACCEPT (more) white blood cells leave the capillary IGNORE ref to more, glucose / nutrients / gases, leave blood capillary IGNORE ref to increased rate of diffusion
	Total	8	

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Question	Expected Answers surface area to volume ratio ;		Additional Guidance
3			ACCEPT SA / VOL or SA:Vol
	erythrocytes;		ACCEPT minor spelling errors if phonetically correct e.g. erythocyte DO NOT CREDIT erthocytes, erephosite, erthrocyte IGNORE red blood cells
	affinity;		ACCEPT attraction
	oxyhaemoglobin ;		ACCEPT HbO / HbO ₈ DO NOT CREDIT HbO ₂ etc
	carbon dioxide / CO_2 / hydrogen ions / H ⁺ ;		ACCEPT carbonic acid DO NOT CREDIT CO ² DO NOT CREDIT hydrogen, H, H ₂
	Bohr / bohr (shift) ;	6	ACCEPT phonetic spellings e.g. borr, bore, borh
	Total	6	

Q	luesti	on	Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
4	(a)		U; R; V;	3	Mark the first answer for each tissue. If the first answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks .
	(b)		no cross walls / cells joined end to end / continuous ;		IGNORE ref to dead cells / tubes
			hollow / no contents / no organelles / no cytoplasm ; (walls / vessels) lignified ;		DO NOT CREDIT lined / covered with lignin DO NOT CREDIT (walls) made of lignin ACCEPT xylem has lignin
			(bordered) pits in walls ;	2 max	
	(c)	(i)			movement of water vapour out of leaf = 2 marks
			evaporation / loss of water vapour;		DO NOT CREDIT loss of water alone
			from, aerial parts of plant / leaf / leaves ;		
			via stomata;	2 max	CREDIT loss through cuticle / epidermis

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(c) (ii)	<i>In the leaf:</i> <i>idea of :</i> 1 water loss (from leaf) is replaced ;		DO NOT CREDIT ref to water potential in context of xylem IGNORE ref to root pressure or capillarity ACCEPT Ψ / WP for water potential
	 2 via, apoplast / symplast / vacuolar, pathways; 3 down water potential gradient / AW; 4 (lost water replaced) by water from the xylem; 		For mp 2 & 3 DO NOT CREDIT in context of root CREDIT pathways described in correct context Idea of : water leaving xylem to enter leaf cells (that have lost water)
	<pre>In the xylem: 5 (loss of water) causes, low / negative, (hydrostatic) pressure (at top / in leaf) OR creates pressure gradient ;</pre>		
	 <i>idea of :</i> 6 water moves, from higher pressure to lower pressure / down pressure gradient ; 		IGNORE 'water moves by the cohesion-tension theory' without further explanation ACCEPT along pressure gradient
	7 under tension / pulled up / drawn up ;		Idea of: pulling force and not just water movement created by transpiration DO NOT CREDIT mp 7 or 8 in context of adhesion / capillarity or water potentials
	8 by <u>mass flow</u> ;		IGNORE suction, transpiration pull unqualified
	9 cohesion / attraction, between water molecules;		CREDIT hydrogen bonding between water molecules
	<i>idea of :</i> 10 column / stream / chain, of water (molecules) ;	4 max	IGNORE long unqualified
	QWC ;	4 max	<u>TWO</u> terms used appropriately and spelt correctly: xylem, apoplast/symplast/vacuolar, hydrostatic, gradient, cohesion / cohesive, tension, mass flow, water potential

Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
		Ref to : bubbles / air (present / being removed) ; (blockage) in xylem ; restore (continuous) column of water (in xylem) ;		air in the xylem = 2 marks
			2 max	
		Total	14	

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	nucleus / nuclear envelope / nuclear membrane / nucleolus;		Mark the first <u>two</u> suggestions. Read as prose unless candidate has indicated two points by bullets or numbers – in this case mark the first comment in each bullet.
			membrane bound organelles / named organelle;		ACCEPT SER / RER / vesicle / cilia DO NOT CREDIT presence of ribosome / vacuole / flagellum / undulipodium
			ribosomes larger;	0	
			(large) cell size / 20µm wide ;	2 max	
		(ii)	Two marks for correct answer		No tolerance in initial measurement = exactly 90mm
			4500;;		If answer is incorrect, allow one mark for correct working i.e. any measurement divided by 20 e.g. 8.9 / 20
				2	
		(iii)			Mark the first <u>two</u> suggestions. Read as prose unless candidate has indicated two points by bullets or numbers – in this case mark the first comment in each bullet.
			1 provides, strength / stability / support (cell);		IGNORE structure
			2 determines shape / changes shape / moves membrane (for endo / exocytosis) ;		IGNORE movement of (whole) cell
			3 movement of, organelles / named organelle / RNA / protein / chromosomes / chromatids ;		e.g. vesicles, cilia, mitochondria, ribosome
			4 attachment to / hold, organelles / named organelle, in place;		
			5 make up, centrioles / spindle fibres ;	2 max	

Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance	
(b)	(i)	differentiation ;	1	Mark the first answer. If the first answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks. DO NOT CREDIT specialisation	
	(ii)			Max 2 marks for content if no reference is made at least once to large numbers of named organelles / receptors IGNORE reasons or explanations IGNORE lobed nucleus IGNORE many enzymes	
		1 (many) lysosomes / vesicles containing enzymes ;		IGNORE lysomes ACCEPT lyosomes DO NOT CREDIT lysosomes are enzymes	
		2 (many) microfilaments / microtubules OR ref to, extensive / well developed, cytoskeleton ;			
		3 (many) ribosomes / (a lot of) rough endoplasmic reticulum / (a lot of) RER ;			
		4 (many) mitochondria ;			
		5 (lots of) Golgi ;			
		6 (many) receptor (sites) on, cell surface / plasma , membrane ;		IGNORE ref glycoproteins / glycolipids unqualified	
		QWC ;	3 max	<u>TWO</u> terms used appropriately and spelt correctly: Iysosome(s), ribosome(s), rough endoplasmic reticulum, mitochondria / mitochondrion, Golgi/golgi, microfilaments/microtubules / cytoskeleton, cell surface membrane / plasma membrane.	
		Total	11	•	

C	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
6	(a)	(i)	osmosis ;	1	Mark the first answer. If the first answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks. DO NOT CREDIT diffusion
		(ii)	fit between (phospho)lipids / through (phospho)lipid (bi)layer;		DO NOT CREDIT fit through phospholipids (molecules)
			via, protein <u>channels</u> / protein <u>pores</u> / aquaporins ;		DO NOT CREDIT carrier proteins – if this is used do not award mp 2 IGNORE transport proteins
				2	
	(b)		cell wall ;		'has a strong cell wall' = 2 marks
			provides strength / withstands (internal) pressure / prevents cell membrane over expanding / exerts pressure potential ;		IGNORE rigidity (of wall), cytoplasm pushes against cell wall
			limits uptake of water;	2 max	ACCEPT stops uptake of water (when turgid)
	(c)	(i)	between –1451 and –1799 ;	1	Ensure figure is a negative number CREDIT a range or single value within this range

 (ii) idea of: 1 plot, percentage plasmolysed against water potential (of solution) / water potential on X axis and % plasmolysed on Y axis ; idea of: 2 read down from 50% plasmolysed to water potential ; OR idea of: 1 plot, % plasmolysed against sucrose concentration / sucrose concentration on X axis and % plasmolysed on Y axis ; idea of : 2 read down from 50% plasmolysed to sucrose concentration % plasmolysed on Y axis ; idea of : 2 read down from 50% plasmolysed to sucrose concentration MND look up equivalent water potential ; 2

F211	Mark Schem	January 2011	
Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(d)	<i>reliable</i> R1 observe more pieces of onion (epidermis from each		DO NOT CREDIT 'repeats' unless qualified ALLOW 'repeat the results / experiment' to indicate more pieces of epidermis
	solution) ; R2 count more cells (in each piece of epidermis) ;		
	R3 calculate a mean ;		IGNORE average
	R4 identify / ignore anomalous results ;		ACCEPT outliers for anomalies IGNORE removes / avoids, anomalies
	max 3		
	accurate		IGNORE lack of units
	<pre>idea of: A1 use, more / intermediate, concentrations within existing range / smaller gap between concentrations /</pre>		ACCEPT examples of values quoted in between original values e.g. 0.25, 0.35, etc. ACCEPT 0.2 and 0.9
	A2 narrower range around 50% plasmolysis / 0.4 - 0.7 mol dm ⁻³ / -1120 to -2180 kPa ;		ACCEPT examples of values if clearly showing application of correct narrower range e.g. 0.45, 0.55, 0.65 For A2 DO NOT CREDIT quoted values extend beyond correct narrower range e.g. 0.35, 0.55, 0.75
	A3 take photographs and mark cells as counting ;	4 max	
	Total	12	

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